THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.} ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1871 {VOLUME IV---NUMBER 106

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1871.

See Fourth Page for interesting Reading

Cotton.

Market active at 17½ in street, 17¾ in warehouse.

Avoid Confusion.

Colonel Volney Dunning, Superintendent of Oglethorpe Park, requests all parties in town having heavy articles, machinery, etc., for exhibition, to have them carried to the Fair Ground by 9 o'clock to-morrow.

Georgia News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Wesley Buchanan, alias Wesley Pryor, colored, who was arrested last week on a warrant for rape committed in Polk county, escaped from jail on last Monday night. The first bale of new cotton in Calhoun was delivered last Saturday.—*Calhoun Times.*

The house of General G. W. Bivings, of Americus, was entered by some one Sunday night, and a number of valuable articles were carried off. Mr. John Barlow, an esteemed citizen of Alabama, died in Americus on Monday last.—*Republican.*

The City Council of Savannah has donated the sum of $1,000 to the sufferers by the Chicago fire. John Stoddard telegraphs to Savannah from Northampton, that his grand son, Harry Green, son of the late Benjamin Green, of Savannah, was killed on the railroad at that place, on the 11th.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

Mr. W. C. Hewitt, of the Globe Hotel, Augusta, has purchased the Catoosa Springs. The whole public force of Augusta subscribed on Wednesday five dollars each to the monument to the Confederate dead of Georgia. The total subscription amounted to $300.—*Constitutionalist.*

Greensboro has shipped over one thousand bales of cotton during the present season. Trade is active. A telegraph office is to be put up in the depot at Jonesboro. Jonesboro wants a dog law. The school master of Jonesboro has been compelled, temporary, to suspend his duties on account of an attack of the mumps. Jonesboro wants a bank.—*Clayton Times.*

Alderman Ellis, of Macon, made a narrow escape on Wednesday. He was driving down Cotton avenue, and when near the corner Cherry street was hemmed in by three drays, one of which ran into his buggy, breaking off one hind wheel threw him upon the ground, running almost directly across his body. How he escaped without being hurt is a mystery.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

John Templeton and his troupe are meeting with success in Rome. The fair opened in Rome under favorable auspices. The entries were various and of a high character of worth. There was a fine collection of stock. The display of vegetables, fruits, and grains was excellent. The election in Haralson county has gone Democratic by 47 majority. Eddie Stillwell, aged about 12 years, son of Rev. C. H. Stillwell, near Rome, committed suicide by hanging himself last Tuesday.—*Rome Courier.*

Mr. John Lamar, an old and respected citizen of Griffin, died last Tuesday night. A large amount of cotton has been received in Griffin this week. Col. Samuel Bailey, who has been confined to his bed for several days, is rapidly recovering. Harry M. Johnson, who was appointed to gauge the brandy distilled in the sub-district, composed of Spalding, Pike, Monroe and Butts counties, has just completed his labors, having gauged 6,865 gallons. Mrs. Pitts, of Pike county, has raised ten children, who are now all fully grown, and not one of them ever used tobacco in any manner whatever.—*Griffin Star.*

Fair week promises to be the liveliest and most interesting season ever experienced by the people of Savannah. The Fair will be the chief attraction. Among other features of the week the Worrell Sisters are to be at the Theatre, Templeton's Company at St. Andrews' Hall, Hughes' Circus, a boat race and races under the auspices of the Savannah Jockey Club. Savannah is happy over the arrival of a double team freight wagon for the Southern Express Company. Savannah has a fish thief. Within an ace of the burning of a dwelling and the loss of life in the above city from the careless handling of a kerosene lamp on Wednesday night. John Robinson's Circus visits Savannah on the 9th, 10th and 11th.—*Savannah News.*

Mr. H. V. Megis, of Columbus, has been elected superintendent of a large cotton factory near New Orleans, Colonel Wadley, President of the Central Railroad, and Mr. Young, Agent in New York for the Central Railroad Steamers, transported free of charge two pianos bought in New York, for the public schools in Columbus. The attendance at the public schools of the above city is a little over 300. Cullat county, Alabama, endorses the proposition to build a road from Montgomery to Troy, then branching to Ozark and St. Andrews Bay. Chief Engineer, Colonel Winn, of the North and South Road reports that he will have the graders at work on the twentieth mile this week. The road will be in running order by the first of March over twenty miles.—*Columbus Enq.*

The recent railroad barbecue at Canton was a success. Cherokee, Cobb and Pickens counties were represented by a large number of ladies and gentlemen. The Marietta Cornet Band was present, discoursing excellent music. Major Petty presided at the meeting. Able and very practicable and sensible addresses were delivered by Colonel James R. Brown, of Cherokee; Mr. J. C. Kimball, of Atlanta; and General Phillips, of Cobb. The barbecue, consisting of beef, mutton, shoats, etc., was nicely prepared, and the subscription was exceedingly encouraging. The Cherokee, Marietta and North Georgia Railroad will be built. The grand jury of Cobb county, in their presentments, express the opinion that in their judgment the District Court is a useless institution.—*Marietta Journal.*

Alabama News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Eggs are forty cents a dozen in Selma. Selma is remarkably healthy. E. L. Coleman, of Dallas, is dead.—*Selma Times.*

Mr. Peter Collins, an old citizen of Mobile, is dead. Howard College at Marion has been opened under happy auspices. Ninety-five students are in attendance.—*Mobile Register.*

Colonel O'Neal, of Florence, Alabama, and Hon. David Clopton, of Montgomery, have been appointed successors to General Clanton as attorneys for the State of Alabama.

The University of Alabama opened with fifty students. The currency of the First National Bank, of Tuscaloosa has arrived. There are 185 patients in the Insane Asylum.—*Tuscaloosa Observer.*

Thomas J. Judge, Esq., of Montgomery, is the Chairman of the Clanton Fund Committee. They propose to raise a sufficient amount to invest in a home for the widow and children of General Clanton, in some permanent form for their support.

Tennessee News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

The City Council of Memphis has voted $5,000 for the sufferers at Chicago. From various quarters in Memphis $20,008 has been raised for Chicago.—*Memphis Avalanche.*

Mr. R. T. Kirkpatrick, of Nashville, is dead. Maryville has an anti-tobacco society. Dr. Rufus Henderson, an old and respectable citizen of Dyer county, is dead. Mr. John Holt, of Hartsville, has had his skull fractured by the kick of a mule. John Ladoux, a Frenchman, committed suicide at Jackson, on Sunday last. Rev. A. N. Cunningham, D.D., was elected Moderator of the Nashville Presbytery. The mechanics and manufacturers of Nashville, have had a meeting in regard to "convict labor," which they state has a damaging effect; is an unjust monopoly, and is an encroachment on the manufacturing interests of Nashville in particular, and the State at large. There are nearly 600

An Embarrassing Position.

"I say, conductor, do you know that good-looking lady there, with a book?"

"Yes, I have seen her a few times."

"By Jove, she's splendid!"

"Yes, I think she is."

"I would like to occupy the seat with her."

"Why don't you ask her?"

"I don't know, but it would be out of order."

"It would not, if she was willing to have you occupy it. Of course you claim to be a gentleman?"

"O, certainly. If you are acquainted with her, give me an introduction; that is, if you have no objection."

"Certainly not."

Fixing his hair, mustache and whiskers in becoming style, he followed the conductor, who, on reaching the seat where the lady sat, said with a peculiar twinkle in his eye:

"My wife, Mr. ——, of New York, who assures me that he will die before reaching Detroit if he does not form your acquaintance."

The gentleman stammered, stuttered, grew red in the face, faltered out some excuse, and returned to his seat, leaving the lady in company with her husband to enjoy the joke.

Women Items.

Widowers never die of grief. Just let them alone! They'll soon re-wive.

What did that young lady mean when she said to her lover, "You may be too late for the cars, but you can take a bus?"

"You must not play in the street with boys now, my dear; you are seven years old," said an old lady to her little grandchild. "But, grandma," was the innocent reply, the older I grow, the better I like the boys."

An old gentleman of 76 wanted to be married to a girl of 17. One day a friend surprised him by tenderly embracing his intended. "I don't wonder at your astonishment," said the young lady; "you don't generally expect to find old heads on young shoulders."

A young man who had become smitten with a Southwestern beauty, who was the daughter of a blooming widow, after a protracted courtship, plucked up sufficient courage to propose, when the damsel replied, "I should be glad to accommodate you were I not already engaged; but Ma wishes to marry, and I think she is just now without an engagement." The young man left for his childhood's home.

History of Chicago.

Chicago is situated on Lake Michigan, at the mouth of Chicago river. The river affords the only good harbor on the west side of the lake near its southern extremity, and to this fact the city owed its original importance. The name is of Indian origin, and is mentioned by the French Jesuit missionary Marquette, who first visited it in 1673. The town was first laid out in 1830, and organized in 1833, when it contained only twenty-eight votes. In forty-one the population increased to 4,000. The rapid progress of Chicago since 1837 is probably unparalleled in the growth of cities. As early as 1854 it was announced that Chicago was the largest primary grain depot in the world. In all departments of trade it ranked among the first cities of the Union. The colossal fortunes amassed by many of its citizens were freely expended in building up the city in a style of unsurpassed magnificence and grandeur. Chicago rated as the fifth city in the Union, according to the census of 1870. The population, as ascertained by the marshals, was reported to be 298,977, but it was claimed to be several thousand more.—*Index.*

A MOCKERY OF JUSTICE.—The Richmond Whig says of the result in the recent Ku-Klux trials in North Carolina:

A dispatch was received from Raleigh last Saturday, informing us of the sentence of the gentlemen convicted under the Ku-Klux conspiracy. Mr. Shotwell, editor of the Rutherford Star, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $5,000. The others received sentences varying from three to two years, and proportionate fines.

Before sentence was pronounced the counsel for the defense, the telegram says, put in a plea for mercy, whereupon Brooks, the District Judge, made a most violent speech, in opposition to anything like clemency being shown to the prisoners by the court. We have certainly fallen upon strange times, and the people may well be startled at the enormities practiced in the name of loyalty. There is no safety while Radicalism holds sway. Liberty and justice are mockeries in the land.

THE SOUL SLEEPERS.—It is reported that the Soul Sleepers who are, we believe, an offshoot from the Christian denomination, are making many converts in different places in Southern Indiana. The peculiar tenent of the Soul Sleepers is that immortality of the soul is not incytable—does not result from the inherent nature of the soul, but is an attribute conferred on some souls through the mediatorship of Christ.

The Soul Sleepers regard with horror the idea that any creature of God is to be eternally tortured, but avoid the conclusions of the Universalists by holding that those not saved through Christ are annihilated. Whether this annihilation is of the atoms of being or merely of that organization which gives individuality, Soul Sleepers are not agreed.—*Daily Journal.*

FENCE STATISTICS.—The fence is a costly fixture. Illinois is said to have ten times as much fence as Germany, and Dutchess county, New York, more than all France. A narrow path divides farms in France, Germany and Holland. In South Carolina the improved land is estimated to be worth $30,000,000; the fences have cost $16,000,000. The annual repair is a tenth of this. A recent calculation places the cost of fences in the United States at $1,000,000,000. Nicholas Biddle, thirty years ago, said the Pennsylvania fences had cost $100,000,000. In Ohio they are put up at $115,000,000, and in New York at $144,900,000. Some day fences will probably disappear, and boundaries will be marked with fruit and shade trees, or neat hedge rows.—*Chicago Times.*

☞ A physician called to prescribe for a somewhat illiterate old lady, and as cod liver oil in his opinion, was the remedy for her complaint, he wrote a prescription for the apothecary to put up, with the latin formular "Ole. Jec. Ass." being an abbreviation of "Oleum Jecoris Asselli," or, in plain English, cod liver oil. The medicine was procured, taken, and in a few weeks the lady completely recovered her health. A neighbor paid her a visit after her recovery, and expressing surprise at her improved condition, inquired the secret of so rapid a restoration. "Why," said the old lady, lifting both hands in grateful enthusiasm, "it was that beautiful medicine, toe Oil of Jackass, that brought me on my feet again!"—*Ind.*

BEAUTY OF AMERICAN WOMEN.—The American woman has long been regarded by Europeans as the most beautiful woman in the world. This she is, and has been, for twenty-five years without doubt; and as the circumstances of her life become easier, her labor less severe, and her education better, she will become more beautiful still. America never possessed a more beautiful generation of women than she possesses to-day, and there is no doubt that the style of beauty is changing to a nobler type. The characteristic American woman of the present generation is larger than the characteristic American woman of the previous generation.—*Foreign Cor. New York Times.*

☞ Grant's special political friends are now considerably alarmed at the return of his old failing. A hope had been cherished that in his passion for the weed he would forget the allurements of corn juice. But sad experience proves that hope unfounded. In becoming a slave to the weed, no assurance is furnished that a more dangerous and deadly habit may be triumphed over; hence those who have risked all their political fortunes on Grant a second term now begin to feel alarmed. They think that the associate of Tom Murphy is not exactly the man for President of the United States.—*New Orleans Times.*

☞ The six leading news companies of the United States do an annual business in the

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, October 13.—A dispatch from Green Bay, Wisconsin, states that a steamer had just arrived from the burning, and reports that 325 bodies were burned at Pishtego last night, and as many more are still missing. Seventy-five persons were burned to death at Little Sturgeon Bay. The suffering throughout the North is terrible.

The fire in Manister destroyed twenty-five buildings, six of which were mills, together with all the shipping at the docks—loss $1,200,000.

Further advices from Green Bay state that 150 men were burned to death in a large barn where they had sought refuge. Hundreds of people have been driven into the rivers and drowned.

The Erie relief train has arrived.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The Stuyvesant Bank has suspended. The cause is attributed to the Chicago fire.

MAINE.

AUGUSTA, October 13.—There has been fifteen hours continued rain. Seven regular trains were caught between washed culverts. The total amount of rain which fell was nearly 4½ inches.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Later counts give the Democrats in Hamilton county another Senator and Representative, reducing the estimated majority on joint ballot to six.

COLUMBUS, October 13.—Senate a tie. House, 59 Republicans, 45 Democrats, independent 1. Noyes majority, 2,200.

Daniel Torrance was elected President, A. N. Christy Vice President, of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, October 13.—There was a heavy frost yesterday morning, the first this season.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, October 12.—Mayor Flanders telegraphed to the Mayor of Chicago to draw at once ten thousand dollars. Subscriptions are still going on.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, October 13.—The latest statement of the Hartford Insurance Company's capital shows it to be intact, with a million and a half excess.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—After having an arm broken by two ruffians, a saloon keeper killed one and fatally wounded the other with a revolver.

CANADA.

QUEBEC, October 13.—The military have been ordered by the home government to tender all the blankets in the Dominion to Chicago.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, October 13.—The aid for Chicago is lavish throughout the Empire and continent. Lord Mayor received contributions yesterday from private individuals to the amount of seventy thousand pounds sterling.

Baring & Morgan, Rotschild, Brown, Shipley & Co., Great Western Railroad, of Canada, and Grand Trunk Railroad, have subscribed 1,000 pounds each.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Cotton strong; middling uplands 20½; sales 2,000 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery, last evening 4,000 bales, as follows: October, 19¾a19 13-16. November, 19¼a19a19 11-16. December, 19¼a19a19 11-16. March, 20½.

Wheat a shade firmer. Wheat 1@2 cents better. Corn 2 cents better. Pork quiet. Lard steady. Turpentine firmer at 48¾a49. Rosin $4 20a4 25 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks excited and weak. Gold 14¾. Governments dull and weak. State bonds weak and excited. Money 7. Sterling Exchange—long 8; short 9.

PARIS, October 13.—Rentes 55f 80c. Specie in the Bank of France has increased 33,000 francs.

LONDON, October 13, noon.—Consols 92¼. Bonds 80f.

LIVERPOOL, October 13, noon.—Cotton opened firm; Uplands 9¾, Orleans 10, sales 12,000 bales, of the week 96,000; speculation 24,000, export 471,000; stock 144,000; receipts of the week 40,000; actual export 9,000.

LATER—Cotton firm; sales 15,000 bales export and speculation 5,000. Breadstuffs firmer. Red winter Wheat 110s 10d. Tallow 46s.

Local and Business Notices.

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, Bilious sufferers, victims of Fever and Ague, the mercurial diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits, and good appetites—they will tell you by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator. oct10—d6t&wt1

BATCHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.

CHEROKEE PILLS NO. 2.

For the Removal of Obstructions and the Insurance of Regularity in the Recurrence of Monthly Periods.

THESE PILLS are an unfailing Female Regulator, intended for special cases; those obstinate ones where milder and cheaper medicines fail.

They are composed of the most active and powerful principles of plants, roots and berries, so highly concentrated that each pill contains more medical strength than a whole box or bottle of ordinary doctor medicine in the market. Although powerful, yet so mild and pleasant in their operation, that the most feeble can take them with perfect safety.

☞ They may be safely used at any age, and at any period, except during the First Three Months, during which the unfailing nature of their effects would infallibly prevent pregnancy.

☞ All letters seeking information or advice will be promptly, freely and discreetly answered.

☞ Each box contains about 100 pills, and wrapped in white paper printed in deep red letters, with full and explicit directions enclosed.

☞ Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price, $5, per box.

☞ The Cherokee Pills No. 2 are sold by all enterprising Druggists in the civilized world. Some unprincipled dealers, however, try to sell worthless compounds in place of this; those which they can purchase at a cheap price and make more money. As you value your health do not be deceived by such unprincipled Druggists, but for these $5 pills, and take no other. If the Druggist will not buy them for you, enc ose the money in a letter and we will send them to you by mail, free of postage, securely sealed from observation.

Ladies or Gentlemen can address us in perfect confidence, stating fully and plainly their diseases and symptoms. Patients need not hesitate because of their inability to visit us, as we have treated patients successfully in all portions of the civilized globe, by correspondence.

Patients addressing us will please state plainly all the symptoms, and write post office, county, state and name of writer, and enclose postage stamp for reply.

☞ We desire to send our thirty-two page pamphlet entitled "MAN AND WOMAN AND INVALIDS" to every reader of this paper. Address as follows:

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And their connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between the Northern Cities and the South and West. Comfortable Night Cars, with the modern Chair, without extra charge, have been introduced on the South Carolina Railroad. First-Class Eating Saloon at Branchville. On the Georgia Railroad First-Class Sleeping Cars.

Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The Manager will use every exertion to satisfy their Patrons that the Line VIA CHARLESTON cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the Safe delivery of Goods.

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Vice-President South Carolina Railroad, Charleston, S. C

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HAVE NOW IN STORE, and offer to the trade:

100,000 lbs. Bacon—clear and rib sides,
150,000 lbs. Dry Salt Meat, clear rib sides,
6,000 bushels choice White Corn,
40,000 lbs. Sugar cured and Cavas Hams,
100,000 lbs. Dry Salt Meat, clear sides,
1,000 bushels choice Yellow Corn,
1,000 barrels Flour—best brands.

In addition, we are receiving, daily, heavy consignments of Produce from Tennessee and the Western States, and propose keeping full stocks at uniform low prices.

Being Agents for the sale of the celebrated Flour made at the Lebanon, Kentucky, Mills, we are receiving daily and have in store, the

"R. E. Lee," "Lebanon XXXX," and "Belle of Lebanon"

Brands, and can guarantee the quality equal to any Flour offered in any market.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

Having the Agency for sale of the HOWARD LIME, made at Kingston, Ga., and the celebrated SHELBY LIME, made in Alabama, we offer to Builders and Plasterers these favorite brands—the VERY BEST THAT COMES TO THIS MARKET.

Domestics and Cotton Yarns Sold at Factory Prices.

200 bales Cotton Hay in store.
20,000 lbs. Lard in Tierces, Cans and Buckets.
50 barrels choice Corn Whisky.
10 barrels choice Rye (a sample of that famous 7 years' old)
10 tons Cotton Seed Meal.
Butter, Eggs etc. received daily.

These goods being on consignment and ordered sold, we propose closing them out to the trade at low prices.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments, and patronage solicited.

STEPHENS & FLYNN,
may21-dtf Fore St. Street, Atlanta, Ga.

PETER LYNCH,

At His Old 15 Year Stand, No. 92 Whitehall Street,

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TAKES THIS METHOD OF INFORMING HIS NUMEROUS CITY AND COUNTRY FRIENDS AND Customers, that he has just returned from the principal markets of the East and West and purchased largely and added extensively to his already Large Stock, and has now, perhaps, the largest and best assorted

STOCK OF GOODS

Ever kept by any House in this city doing a Wholesale and Retail Grocery Trade, which he now offers to the trade for CASH, (only,) as low as the same quality of Goods can be purchased anywhere in this city, either as

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

His Stock is too extensive to mention merely a fifteth part of it.

Come and see him and his clerks, and he will be bound you wont go away without Goods, if you want to buy any. No trouble to show and price Goods.

In fact it has always and truly been said, for the last fifteen years, wherever you fail to find what you want go to PETER LYNCH'S, and you will get it. It is so now. Consequently you had better call on PETER LYNCH first and save time and money too. My Stock, in part, consists of

Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Upper, Sole and Harness Leather; Bagging, and all kinds of Rope and Iron Ties; Molasses and Syrups of all qualities; a large stock of Wine and Liquors, at wholesale and retail; Northern Cider in barrels and bottles; both old and new, but yet sweet, always in stock. Dublin, London, Glasgow and Liverpool Ales and Porters, by the cask, bottle or dozen, on hand. PETER LYNCH has a fine cool cellar to keep such Goods all seasons of the year. One Puncheon Old Scotch Malt Whisky, one Puncheon Old Irish Malt Whisky, on hand for hot punches during the winter. A constant and regular stock of Coffees, Sugars and Teas and Provisions generally always kept up.

Soda, Saltines, Spices and all kinds of Family Groceries, Notions, Woodenware, Hollowware and Crockeryware, Pocket and Table Cutlery; Cigars, Tobaccos and Snuffs; Wrapping Paper and Twine; Potatoes and Garden Seeds always on hand during the season, etc., etc. Can't say he makes any specialties in the way of keeping his stock.

☞ All offered either at Wholesale or Retail. ☜

250 Boxes Fire Crackers on hand.

☞ Now is the time to buy low, before the Christmas Holidays come on, &c. ☜

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Agents for Brennon's Threshers, both Separators and Overshots, ranging from one to six horse power and Wheat Fans.

We will also sell Pitts' Machine, Aultman & Taylor eight and ten-horse power Separators.

Having negotiated special contracts with the best Manufacturing Establishments in the country, we are enabled to offer all

Goods at Manufacturers' Prices,

with Freight added.

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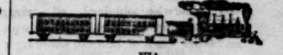

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jan24—d1f

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ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.00 o'clock	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	7.10 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.30 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	4.40 "	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.15 "	P. M
Leaves Atlanta	5.15 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.45 "	A. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.40 "	A. M

Accommodation Trains.

Leaves Atlanta	6.45	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	8.20	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	9.15	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	10.45	A. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	7.50	A. M
Leaves Macon	7.50	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	7.50	A. M
Arrives at Macon	1.40	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	8.35	P. M
Leaves Macon	8.05	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	10.35	P. M
Arrives as Macon	6.30	A. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	10.30	P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	6.15	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6.00	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1.31	P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	2.45	P. M
Arrives at Dalton	7.52	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	8.30	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.43	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	8.30	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.30	P. M

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Dalton	2.35	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	10.09	A. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	2.45	P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	9.30	P. M.
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Review of Mr. Hill's Alumni Address.

We have no room for editorial matter this morning, as all our available space is occupied by a review of Mr. Hill's address. Its publication would have been earlier, but we hesitated to give it on account of its length. But we trust that its length will not deter perusal, as it comes from the pen of one of the ablest Democratic members of the Legislature, and we scruple not to say that he who undertakes to overthrow its positions will have a tremendous task in hand.

Our Evening Edition.

Special attention is asked to the evening edition of THE CONSTITUTION. This edition will contain, daily, the very latest news from the States of Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina, condensed from our exchanges and otherwise obtained, all telegraphic dispatches up to 3 P. M., together with local and other items of interest, affording a large amount of important and interesting reading matter.

The times are unusually stirring. Elections are occurring in all parts of the United States, and exciting news is coming in almost hourly. Before 4 o'clock every afternoon our news-boys will be upon the streets with the afternoon CONSTITUTION.

We bespeak a generous treatment of the little news-boy. A nickel for a paper will hardly be missed by the poorest, but it may carry bread into destitute homes. The proprietors issue the papers to the boys at cost and allow them to make all the profit. We shall spare no effort to make the paper desirable.

Hon. B. H. Hill.

Editors Constitution: The speech delivered by Mr. Hill before the Alumni Society at Athens in August last has been published that the world may read it, and in it, read a complete refutation of all the slanders which have been heaped upon him because of its utterance. No man, I undertake to say, was ever more misrepresented and needlessly abused than Mr. Hill has been for this speech. He begged—his friends begged—some of the members of the Alumni Society present begged—that critism would be withheld until the speech could be published. This request only served to intensify the severity of the criticisms and made his enemies the bolder in their misrepresentations. They laughed to scorn the request, and said he only plead for time, that he might give it to the public in a different garb to the one in which he "dressed it" on the occasion.

Critics went into hysterics over the "delicacy of the request," as they termed it, and were silly enough to doubt even the fact that it would ever be published. One reviewer used the following words:

"What a delicate sense of the proprieties he has. He who had just been guilty of the outrages we have been detailing on the known sentiments and convictions of his audience—this man sees great indelicacy in criticism on his sentiments, unless the public would wait some weeks to digest his poison without taking an antidote. How knows the public it is to be published? If the criticisms were by persons present at the speech, they heard for themselves."

This gentleman could have spared himself the mortification of now seeing his folly, by referring to the action of the Association before which it was delivered, on the very day it was delivered, wherein they request a copy of the speech for publication. This critic certainly knew that it was customary for such addresses to be published and had no right to doubt the publication of this one. And more especially should he have supposed that this one would be published, since the same critic charged Mr. Hill with speaking to a Northern audience and by publication only, it was possible to reach such an audience. This was a shallow device on the part of the writer to call attention from the fact that a publication could be looked for and to insince the people to take his unfair review as the substance of the speech. Another "commentator" said:

"If he cannot say one thing to-day, and publish an entirely different thing to-morrow, he is not the man we take him to be. If he cannot publish a speech which will contradict the statement already given, and the very sense of hearing of his audience, he is wanting in the very talent for which we give him most credit."

This was another miserable effort to forestall the condemnation, on the part of the public, which the writer so well knew would be visited upon him for his misrepresentations, unless in some way he could make it appear that a correct publication of the speech could not be looked for. The article gives Mr. Hill credit for shrewdness; but he certainly would be more than a stupid dolt, who would make one speech for the occasion and publish an entirely different one, either in words or meaning, and expect to escape exposure from the hands of his intelligent auditory. If, however, this critic thinks he has changed his address, either in words or meaning, let him make the charge now, since it is published, and I understand from a very distinguished lawyer who was present—a member of the society—that Mr. Hill is prepared to prove that the published address is *verbatim* as delivered.

But these reviewers were not consistent even in their misrepresentations of his address. They ascribe all manner of bad motives to Mr. Hill for making this speech, and in the attempt which they said he would make to change it, but in this they contradict themselves. "Sentinel" said:

"To come more particularly to the matter and manner of the address.

"The distinguished ventriloquist addressed two audiences—a Northern and Southern. It was a hard task, and required both tact and *face;* but he possessed both, and one guiding thought sustained him to speak to the North over the heads of the south, without startling the one too much while tickling and delighting the other—this was the problem."

Now, it would seem to any man of common sense, that if Mr. Hill desired to speak over the heads of Southern people, to a Northern audience, that he would never have changed his address, when he knew it would be published. The reviewers all said it was a fine Northern abolition speech, made for the North, and if so, why change it, when by publication only, his Northern audience could see it. If he had desired to speak to the "North over the heads of the South, without startling the one too much, while tickling and delighting the other," would he not have delivered a Southern and published a Northern speech? If Mr. Hill is as "shrewd" and as "*cute*," as "Sentinel" represented him to be, would he not have adopted some such tactics as that suggested? I think he would. But enough of this.

"Sentinel" accuses Mr. Hill with being an abolitionist, and uses the following language:

"The form of argument selected by the speaker was that which gives most play to powers of sophistry, viz: the inference of a cause from an effect. There is large range here for misrepresentation and deception. From an effect, to go back to its cause. The effect may be complex—of long duration, of manifold aspect, and wound up in many an invocation. The ingenuity of the sophist selects one antecedent among the many, and says this particular antecedent is the cause. The causes may be as many and as complex as the series of effect, but it is his province to direct attention to the one single antecedent assumed to be the cause which is to explain everything. This he exaggerates and magnifies, and so traces its effect, not by actual comparison with facts, but by the method of evolution out of his own head, instead of the historical mode of observation and comparison.

Slavery is this one cause—the fountain of all our evils, "whose mortal taste," etc. Never did abolitionists look with more evil eye on slavery than does Mr. Hill."

Now, in order to see if "Sentinel's" representations of Mr. Hill's position be fair or unfair, we give the following extract from his speech touching the slavery question. It is as follows:

"It is not within the scope of this address to discuss the morality of slavery, nor the views of the Southern people touching the question of property in slaves, nor even to allude to any political issue of the past on the subject of slavery, nor yet to venture so much as an opinion on the effects of slavery, or of its abolition, on the fate of the negro race. I only propose to show that slavery affected, and most deliteriously affected the Southern States and people in general scientific, physical and educational progress, and especially in *material* and commercial development, and as a consequence, delayed their growth in population, wealth and physical power."

The reader will peruse the above extract from Mr. Hill, and see if there be a difference in his views and Northern abolitionists upon this question. Abolitionists every where, and from the beginning of the agitation of the question in this country, based their objections to it upon the ground that it was "immoral and sinful." It is true of late that some of the abolitionists insisted that it was an impediment to "scientific, physical and material progress," but no one ever insisted that this alone was a sufficient reason for abolishing it. At all times and in all places the great grand moving cause with the abolitionists was that it was both "immoral and sinful."

Now what does Mr. Hill say about it, does he say that it was "sinful?" Does he say it was "immoral?' Did he not in the very extract quoted decline any discussion of the "morality" of the subject? Why did he do so? Because any man who would have prepared a long speech for the purpose of establishing the morality of slavery, a fact which neither Mr. Hill, nor any other Southern man ever yet doubted, and especially when slavery certainly is dead in this country, would have been considered a fit subject for the lunatic asylum.

Is there any boast here that we have gotten rid of this "sinful" institution; that he together with his neighbors lost thousands by the change, and that he rejoiced at the results; that morally or socially it crippled the people of the South. If such was his intention and meaning, I confess my inability to see it. And I apprehend that he who reads the address calmly and dispassionately, will see nothing objectionable in it.

My understanding of Mr. Hill's position is this: since slavery is abolished—since it is a fact that we are hereafter to employ free laborers—since it is a fact that there now exists no longer a necessity for keeping in total ignorance, for the safety of society, one-third of our population, and since it is a fact that educated skilled labor is the surest auxiliary to "scientific, physical, and material advancement," he congratulates the people upon the setting in of this new era.

Not that slavery was sinful and now abolished; but since it is abolished, we are to inaugurate a new era and overcome and remove the impediments which unskilled and ignorant labor threw in the way of material advancement.

Mr. Hill nowhere says, nor even intimates, that we had no moral or legal right to hold negroes in bondage; but he does say that in comparing the "scientific, physical and material progress" of the South with other countries who educated their labor, dignified and made it honorable, while we kept in ignorance the bulk of our laborers, he sees the great impediment that this kind of labor threw in the path of true progress in the South. An institution can be hurtful, yet moral and legal. I have a moral and legal right to supply my plantation with Mustang ponies, instead of large, fine horses and mules, but would I benefit, or injure myself, by so doing is the question. The ponies could be worked, it is true, but would they make—could they make, as efficient work and draught horses as those we now use?

Just so with skilled and unskilled laborers. The negro, in a state of ignorance, could work—he did work—but would he make as an efficient laborer as one who is educated? No man will pretend that he would.

In this address Mr. Hill had nothing to do with the fact that we had lost our fortunes by the abolition of slavery, nor did he say that even with that loss we are better off without than with slavery, but he simply treated the question as a political living issue of the day, as though ignorant, unskilled labor on the one hand, and educated skilled labor on the other hand, was presented to us, (without regard to what we had lost by the change,) and we were left to choose between the two. He advocated the choice of skilled labor, and so would any reflecting mind. In this most eloquent speech of the age, Mr. Hill does not over estimate the great good that will be derived from a thorough education of our laborers. He did not mean to say, that this change for the better could be wrought by the education of the negro, for in the very language he uses in speaking of the education of this class of our people, he seems to doubt it. His idea is, if I correctly understand him, that as the negroes are here, we should try the experiment on them and if it fails, we must try others.

For my part, I think any effort to make skilled, scientific, reliable laborers of negroes will fail. But because we fail with them, we must not give it up. We cannot afford to lose the opportunity of pushing forward. If necessary, they must be displaced and others procured in their stead. The problem is too grand to fail of solution for want of a surface upon which to "make our figures." How, or when, they can or will be displaced, I am not prepared now to say; but if they are found to be in the way of progress, so soon as the fact is ascertained the grand absorbing question then will be "these people" *must go;* how will we dispose of them? When the people of this country fully and thoroughly realize the advantages to be derived from educated, skilled, reliable free labor, they will never look back, but will unite with Mr. Hill in sending forth the "gladdening response:" We shall live! We shall rise! We shall command!

Like the Sabine women whom the Romans stole and made wives of, we may grive for a while over the necessity which forced us from our once loved institutions and unites us to a new civilization, but like the same Sabine women, in a few years, should an effort be made to tear us from our newly wedded institutions we would be found foremost in the fight to resist the attempt.

I am no abolitionist, or "new departurist," but I venture the above prediction.

In giving the reasons for our failure in the late war, among other things Mr. Hill said:

"If, before the war, the Southern States had kept pace with the world in physical progress and scientific schools, they would have been invincible by and force which the enemy could have sent against them."

"We failed, but not for want of skilled leaders. These we had, and human annals never furnished their superiors. Not for the want of courageous armies—for these, too, we had, and human conflicts never marshalled braver for battle. We had learned counsellors, able generals, gallant soldiers, and an earnest people—all stimulated with the belief that independence, liberty, and hope hung upon the issue of the struggle; but we had not those physical elements of power which modern sciences and skilled labor have fashioned, and without which it is now vain to make war, and therefore we failed. In the fight for which we fought was the weakness by which we fell."

Mr. Hill's idea here is, that in the fight, we carried too much dead weight—one-third of our population were ignorant negro laborers, who had to remain at home, and who could not be relied on to fill the places of our slain soldiers, and as such, they were as so many "mill stones" around our necks. But that the result would have been different had their places been filled with skilled, scientific laborers, who could have been employed profitably in battle, as well as the cotton fields. Upon this point "Sentinel" differs with Mr. Hill, and gives the following reasons for the failure:

"The influence on the ultimate results of the war, of the want of skilled labor, is immensely over-estimated by Mr. Hill, or misunderstood by him. Our slaves were occupied in making provisions, and did it well. Our soldiers were needed to fight, and they did it splendidly. Meeting the skilled men of the North (so called) they never failed on equal terms—man for man. There would have been some points of advantage in our preparation for the field, arising from skilled labor, but other causes were much more operative. We have been accustomed to number among the causes of our defeat the fact that our self-confidence was too great, and prevented us from making full use of our resources. The food supply we met. By appreciating our want of manufacture, and arranging to keep open the blockade, we could have converted her many crops—in war as we did in peace—into manufactured material of any sort she needed. With the proceeds of her annual crops she could have had ample materials of war. We came near to success even without them. But we never were—whether on the question of immigration, of taxation, or of arrangements for fighting—quite *careful enough* of our own interest, and we suffered for this reason in competition with the keen, shrewd, sharp people of the North."

Reader, carefully peruse the two extracts, turn them over meditatively in your own mind, and say which is correct. The difference that I see is that Mr. Hill gives a real reason for the failure, while "Sentinel" gives an imaginary one. "Sentinel" says our "self-confidence was too great." So it was to some extent for a while, but not so long, for we soon saw we had a "job" on hand. The same feeling of over-confidence in the correctness of such views as "Sentinel" advances against the superiority of skilled labor over our old system, is the true stumbling block in the way of progress to-day. "Sentinel" says we came very near winning any way. How near we came of being successful, is not a question for discussion. We did not succeed, and Mr. Hill was assigning some of the most prominent reasons for our failure.

We failed, as he most eloquently and truthfully said, not for want of skilled generals, brave soldiers and patriotic people, but for want of physical elements of power. The shrewd Yankee saw this long before the termination of the strife; he knew that our surrender was only a question of time. Not because we were wanting in fertility of soil, immense mountains and mines of mineral wealth, or patriotic, brave people, but because he saw that after our then supply of guns was gone, our powder burnt up, and our ranks thinned by diseases and the casualties of war, we could get no more, as we were wanting in scientific industry to utilize these great gifts of God, and supply implements of war, or force our way to other countries for the purpose of recruiting our ranks. Seeing this the Yankee was content to prolong the conflict and thus wear us out. Had the war depended on any one battle in the beginning of the struggle, no one could have doubted the result. But such was not the case, and by the result we read in unmistakable language the superiority of scientific industry even over brains in war. "Sentinel" ascribes the opinions of Mr. Hill on this subject to a desire on his part to show the superiority of the Yankees and their institutions over ours. But this statement is another of the wonton misrepresentations of the reviewer. There is not a word in the entire address that will authorize such a construction. But, on the contrary, throughout his entire address, he speaks of the Southern people in the most complimentary terms. The very extract quoted above shows his estimate of Southern intelligence and Southern chivalry.

The superiority he speaks of is the advantage the North has in point of "scientific industry." Who, for one moment, can doubt the truth of the statement? To be convinced of its truth, you have but to look around you. It is something singular that almost every one who has opened his mouth upon the importance of scientific labor has admitted that the South is lamentably behind other countries even the North, in this particular; and yet no one has been abused for placing the North ahead of the South but Mr. Hill. Take up any essay prepared for our agricultural conventions and you find the admission made. And during the commencement at which Mr. Hill spoke, Colonel Thornton delivered an address to the two literary societies, in which he made the same admission, in the following words:

"In choosing a profession, you cannot, as has been too much the case, all be lawyers, doctors, or divines; but you can be, much to your fame and fortune, scientific navigators, machinists, architects, chemists, geologists, miners, agriculturists, or engineers—in all of which departments the South is most lamentable deficient."

"Sentinel" could with equal propriety say that Colonel Thornton had slandered the South and that he too was speaking to a "Northern audience." "Sentinel," in replying to that portion of Mr. Hill's speech, in which he said the condition of our laboring classes deterred emigrants and caused them to go elsewhere—says, "the commerce of the North promoting its intercourse with other peoples give them an advantage; that the "South paid the taxes and the North spent the money," and in this way the South helped to sustain—did sustain—the very commerce of the North which finally oppresed us. And further he says:

"On the other view: these purchases by the South were made with the entire crop produced, not out of mere profits. If we sold a cotton crop—say for $250,000,000 of which $5,000,000 was profit—the per cent. of tax on imports was virtually levied on the 250 of expenditure and not on the 50,000,000."

Well admit it all, and does it prove Mr. Hill in error? Did he deny a single proposition laid down as above quoted by "Sentinel?" My understanding of his speech is, that he attempted to point out the folly of enriching the North and impoverishing ourselves. His idea is, that we very foolishly take the fifty millions of profit, which appears in the above quotation, and go abroad to the North, and buy such things as our markets fail to furnish, for the reason that we have heretofore neglected to such an extent "scientific physical advancement," which is so necessary to supply our wants at home.

Mr. Hill said in his speech, that notwithstanding the South had given birth to orators who equalled any the world ever produced—that the intellectual capabilities of the Southern people were equal to any task, but owing to a want of labor on the part of our intellectual giants, none, or little real permanent progress had been made by them; and asks where are our Bacons, Newtons, Blackstones, or Burkes, or Storys, or Noah Webster? On this branch of his address "Sentinel" goes into hysterics, and penned the following:

"What fruits so noble as noble men! In old times, influences like ours developed an Abraham. In our own country, in modern times, the two noblest names of modern history—Washington and Lee—we are asked for fruits. Our mechanical structures are less. Our fruits in men, and all that constitutes human greatness (other than its mere drapery and outfit) superior. Mr. Hill asks for our Websters. We present him (suddenly estranged and forgetful) with Calhoun and Clay, and with the leading intellects which have controlled the country—two for one—from a section whose population is as one to two."

"Sentinel" would have the reading public to believe that Mr. Hill could see no greatness, save in the North, and that he claimed a superiority for Daniel Webster as a statesman over the immortal Calhoun and Clay. But if the people will read the address, they will find that upon almost every page he speaks in the most eloquent language of the mental superiority of the Southern people—and they will also find that there is no reference whatever to Daniel Webster, but it was to Noah Webster, the great lexicographer. I will here give what he did say. It is as follows:

"Where are our Bacons, or Newtons, or Blackstones, or Burkes, who, by labors long and vigils many, have wrought out theories of government, codes of law, and revelations of science, applicable alike to all people and blessing all conditions of mankind? Nay, where are even our Storys, our Bancrofts, and our Noah Websters?"

Now, Mr. "Sentinel," after attempting to mislead the public, and have them believe that Mr. Hill claimed superiority for Daniel Webster over Calhoun and Clay, and knowing now that his speech is published and your misrepresentation exposed; don't you feel bad? Do you suppose he has changed it since it was delivered? One of two things are true—he either changed the speech or "Sentinel" has misrepresented him. "Sentinel" says that Mr. Hill slandered the women of the South, and uses the following language in regard to it:

"But the most sacrelicious of Mr. Hill's assaults was on the women of the South. They are too far beyond the reach of his calumny to need a defense. And if they needed it, they would find a defender in every true, hearted man. If ever there was, in any country, a peculiar development of all that is admirable and lovely in womanhood, it was here. If purity, modesty, tenderness, sympathy, were ever combined with practical traits, with piety, charity, industry, attention to the sick and poor, thoughtfulness for the wants of many, it was in our Southern women.

When he brought out his comparison, to their detriment, with "Black Dinah," why did not his tongue cleave to the roof of his mouth?"

Here is an effort to impress upon the public mind the fact that Mr. Hill considered the "sable Dinah" the superior of the Southern woman—of his own mother, his sisters, and his daughters. Can an idiot believe it Now let us see what he did say. He said:

"Many of our 'best society' would have deemed it a scandal to have been suspected of being capable of discharging the simplest functions of many necessary labors. How many of our educated young men—especially sons of large slave holders—were willing, like Abraham, to bring, with their own hands, the tender kid from the flock; and how many of our accomplished and fashionable young ladies were either willing or able, like Sarah, 'to kneed three measures of fine meal, and bake cakes on the hearth,' to induce even angels to tarry. They could well entertain them with exhibitions of imported millinery, with lively accounts of the last romance, and with marvellous sounds of operatic music—all, doubtless, novelties in their country—but, I fear, if some sable Dinah were not about even angels would have to go away hungry."

The above is what gave such mortal offense to "Sentinel," pretendedly, and is his pretext for mi representing Mr. Hill. Now, what did Mr. Hill mean by the above figure? Ask any one; ask the sensitive young lady; the fastidious, foppish, kid gloved gentleman; yes, ask the maden man in the Insane Asylum, who has a spark of rationality left him, and they will all say, he meant to say that we had relied so long on slaves to labor for us, that we know nothing of labor. He never meant to say, that a Southern lady would refuse to feed an angel, but symply, that she didn't know how to "bake a cake." This is true of too many, and the ladies themselves, acknowledge it every day. But I am done with these quotations. Why all this misrepresentation? In my opinion, it is because "Sentinel" and others supposed that Mr. Hill has changed politically. Had Mr Hill delivered this speech in 1867 or 1868, it would never have provoked, other, than the most friendly comment and fulsome flattery. It would have been pronounced the greatest speech of the age, and in my opinion it is the greatest speech of the age. What is it? Why the most eloquent appeal that ever fell from the lips of man, in behalf of a scientific industrial system for the South, and particularly for the State of Georgia.

He presents to the public two systems of labor, without regard to the fact that we once had a pecuniary interest in one, but as two original systems, and shows the advantages of one over the other—the skilled and learned over the unskilled and unlearned. He was appointed to present the wants of his Alma Mater to the public and most nobly did he perform his duty. In future time, when our University shall have been handsomely endowed, when chairs shall be established and filled for every branch of science; when the people, as I believe they will, become proud of the University, and when those who labor in its behalf come forward to receive each their mead of praise, Mr. Hill will come in for a lion's share of the honors, for the magnificent, eloquent and truthful address delivered before the Alumni Society in August last. Men may abuse and deride you, but stand firm on that record, Mr. Hill. Don't go back on it;

Who can dwell on this elegant specimen of literary talent, this manly matter of fact mode of pointing out our errors in the past, and this brilliant and most earnest appeal in behalf of reform, without looking down on so many others, who in like efforts have fallen so far short of the true excellencies therein contained. Let others content themselves, if they so desire, by delivering Sophomoric efforts to tickle the fancy of the young people, but when you are called on to speak, Mr. Hill, on such occasions, give us something solid, as you did in August last.

IREDELL.

Trifles.

A fireside tail—The cat's.

Good country butter—An old ram.

How to get along well—Have it dug deep.

Vegetable philosophy—Sage advice.

Some musicians put on more airs than they can play.

It is a funny thing about a Dentist that the more he stops the faster he gets on.

It does not follow because you bail a friend out that you need treat him like water.

It is unreasonable to complain because your clock stops, it can not get on without a weight.

December may be said to be the wearing apparel of the season, it being the close of the year.

Facts should be put down in black and white, in another colored ink they might appear ink-red-ible.

How do you define "black as your hat?" says a school master to one of his pupils. "Darkness that may be felt" replied the youth.

An old lady being asked to subscribe for a newspaper, declined on the ground that when she wanted news, she manufactured it herself.

Mosaics.

Marriage—An altar on which a man lays his pocket-book, and a woman her love letters.

Why is a clergyman like a locomotive? Because you are to look out for him when the bell rings.

It is strange that a man who can neither read nor write, is one who is bound to make his mark.

Why cannot two slender persons ever become great friends? Because they will always be slight acquaintances.

Can the sightless singer who sings on the street corner be said to trust to blind *chants* for a living.

Those that wish to keep Time will succeed by seizing him by the forelock rather than about the waste.

A party wants to know if the danger on a steamboat arises from there being an engine near, or an engineer. It is about half and half.

When a married man entertains an affection for another man's wife, his love does not come within the meaning of a legal tender.

Briefs.

Private-earing—Listening at a key-hole.

Slight of hand—Refusing a marriage offer.

The artist's adieu to his picture—You be hanged.

Meantime—The time when one's note falls due.

Is it murder to drown your sorrows or to kill time?

Is it bigamy for a married man to become wedded to his opinions?

Why should a fisherman be rich? Because his is all *net* profits.

Serenade to Gen. Wm. B. Bate.

UNION CITY, TENN., October 4.—The Confederate soldiers and citizens in mass serenaded Gen. Wm. B. Bate at the Southern Hotel, to-night, and in response he made one of the happiest speeches of his life, which was met with the wildest enthusiam. The speech was a spontaneous outburst of eloquence delivered in true Tennessee style. He touched but slightly on the politics of the day, and advised Southern Democrats not to become demoralized by any new organizations, but to rely implicitly on those Northern Democrats who have been our friends to make the platform and nominate the candidate and we will reserve our strength as a rear line to move on the Radical phalanx and win the victory.

Cheer after cheer went up for Gen. Bate at the close.—*Union and American.*

A GREAT INVENTION.—There is a genius in Titusville, who has invented a new and effective kind of fly-paper, prepared with molasses, glue and nitro-glycerine. A fly, for instance, is attracted by the molasses. He alights, gets the glue upon his legs, and flies away. Presently the glue feels uncomfortable, and he rubs his legs together; this action explodes the nitro-glycerine, and the fly, "Oh! where is he?" The people in Titusville who use this arrangement say that they can sit in their rooms and hear the crack of explosions every minute or two. The sound is as loud as that made by a torpedo; and in the grocery stores the ear is deafened, while the air is continually clouded with the flying arms, legs and heads of bursted flies. They have many very curious things in Titusville, some whole-souled, energetic liars among them.—*Sporting Times.*

ENGLISH COURT DECISION.—A case of much interest to newspaper conductors was recently tried in a English court. A gentleman had sent a voluntary contribution to a daily newspaper, which was committed to the editorial waste-basket, whereupon the aggrieved writer brought an action for the recovery of its value. It was held by the court that a contribution sent unsolicited to a newspaper ceases to be the property of the writer precisely as though it were an ordinary letter, and that he cannot insist upon its return in case it is not used.—*Patriot.*

Condensed Telegrams.

The small-pox is increasing at Belfast, Ireland.

A large orderly meeting, for the release of the Fenians, was held in Dublin Tuesday night.

The Cincinnati bakeries are cooking day and night for Chicago. Christine Nilsson contributes $1,000.

Boston insurance companies are terribly crippled by the disaster. The New England, the Shoe and Leather, and the Independent have suspended.

The Episcopal Convetion at Baltimore has issued an address signed by forty-seven bishops, urging that all the collections next Sunday be devoted to the relief of Chicago.

☞ Gov. H. A. Wise is possessed of wonderful vitality. He made an eight hours' speech at Richmond last week in the case of Sands, on trial for forgery in conjunction with Chahoon. We do not know how much his age exceeds seventy; but his physical constitution was never strong. His strength consists in mind and will. The war left him stripped of his property, a colored colony being settled on his farm. He went to work with hand and intellect. Rising at daylight, he labored some hours in his garden at Manchester. Then he walked a mile and a half to his office in Richmond and devoted the day to law-practice, returning the same distance at night.—*Winchester News.*

COTTON CROP ESTIMATES.—A wide difference in crop estimates continue to prevail, some statements from the interior giving as low as 2,250,000 bales, while manufacturers and short sellers are hopeful that the yield will reach 3,250,000, or over 3,500,000 bales. Those who are generally regarded as the best posted and most disinterested look for something under 3,000,000 bales. An early or late frost will somewhat affect these views, although mention of the dying out of the top crop has been reported over considerable sections, which would lessen the advantage of a late fall.—*Nashville Banner.*

VALIDITY OF CAR TICKETS.—Justice Fletcher, of Concord, N. H., on Monday decided that railroad tickets are good until used, though issued only for a specified time. A passenger on a train from Vermont presented a ticket issued in Chicago in June last, and marked "good for thirty days," which the conductor refused to take, and refusing to pay his fare, he was arrested on the arrival of the train at Concord, where the case was laid before Justice Fletcher, who decided that the ticket was good until used, and the man was discharged.

WHO ARE CREOLES.—A correspondent asks, what is the meaning of the word Creole? We answer, that the strict and original definition was, a person born in the colonies of French or Spanish parentage. But, in process of time, and since the intrusion of the Anglo Saxon race into the old colonies of France and Spain, the word has been commonly extended so as to include all persons born in the colonies once owned by Spain or France, without regard to parentage.—*New Orleans Times.*

GEORGIANS ON THE COMMITTEE.—In the list of members of the standing committees appointed by the Chairman of the Convention of the Clerical and Lay Delegates of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, now in session at Baltimore, we find the following from Georgia: On State of the Church. Rev. W. H. Clark. On Education, Mr. Charles J. Jenkins On New Dioceses—Mr. L. N. Whittle. On Elections—Rev. W. C. Williams. On unfinished business—Rev. John M. Mitchell, D.D. On Canons—Rev. Wm. Benedict.

NATURE IS RIGHT.—Nature never made a thing in vain, and everything is as it should be. The rhinoceros has been given a hide which resists the thorns of the jungles which he inhabits; and which has far to keep him warm during the cold of winter; the mule lacks the beauty of the horse, but has been given a voice of song to compensate him. Everything is right. Even Ben Butler was given a soul which cannot be insulted when nine-tenths of his own party journals pronounced him a liar and a thief.—*Index.*

WHAT A PITY.—A Madrid correspondent writes that bull-fighters in Spain are growing so scarce that there is much difficulty in procuring them for the exhibitions of that city, Granada, and Seville. Prices have been largely advanced for picadores and matadores, but still the supply is altogether inadequate to the demand, which may be considered a new evicence that the brutal sport is declining.—*Sporting Times.*

☞ A clergyman who had been staying for some time at the house of a friend, on going away, called to him little Tommy, the four-year old son of his host, and asked him what he should give him for a present. Tommy, who had great respect for his "cloth," thought it his duty to suggest something of a religious nature, so he announced, hesitatingly: "I—I think I should like a testament, and I know I should like a pop-gun."—*New York Sun.*

A RUSSIAN FAIR.—We pride ourselves very much on our fairs and exposition, but we have hardly anything, after all, that compares with the great fair at Novgorod, Russia, every year. The attendance was larger the past season than for many previous, over 300,000 people visiting it, and the sales of various commodities during the eight weeks of holding it amounted to more than $125,000,000!

☞ The gentlemen most noted for wealth, in New York, are becoming somewhat conspicuous for age. William B. Astor is seventy-five; A. T. Stewart, seventy; Vanderbilt, seventy-eight; Daniel Drew, seventy-one; Peter Cooper, eighty-one; George Law, seventy-three; William Cullen Bryant, seventy-seven, and James Gordon Fennett, seventy-five. All except the last are still actively toiling in business harness.—*Times.*

☞ The amount of public lands which the Republican party has given to the various monopolies, rings and jobbers already exceeds two thousand millions of acres. Estimating its present value at one dollar and a quarter an acre, the donation amounts to two thousand five hundred millions of dollars, more than our entire national debt.—*Lynchburg Republican.*

STATE ACTION.—The Governors of Michigan, Missouri and New Jersey have issued proclamations appealing to the citizens of their States to assist Chicago, and the Governor of Illinois has convened the Legislature of that State to take proper action in reference to the great calamity.—*Louisville Commercial.*

☞ The once beautiful Carlotta, widow of the Archduke Maximillian, of Austria, is no longer beautiful. Her personal appearance has become repulsive. She has become obese, and her face is covered with unhealthy eruptions. Her physicians have officially announced, it is said, that she cannot live for many months.—*N. Y. Herald.*

☞ The following is the conclusion of an epitaph on a tombstone: "She lived a life of virtue, and died of cholera morbus, caused by eating green fruit in the full hope of a blessed immortality. At the early age of twenty-one years, seven months and sixteen days. Reader, go thou and do likewise."

☞ A poor widow woman was relating to a neighbor how fond her husband was of having a good fire, how busy he would make himself in fixing it so that it would burn. "Ah, poor dear man," said she, "I hope he's gone to where they keep good fires."—*Yazoo Democrat.*

☞ "I say, Pompey," said one freedman to another, "dis chile has tried lots oh gift fares and tings for a prize, but nebber could draw anything at all." "Well, Cæsar, I'd 'vise you to try a hand-cart; de chances are a tousand to one dat you could draw dat."—*Index.*

☞ The Saturday Review, in speaking of costumes at church, says that "dress ever was, and will ever be, as webs spread in the way of woman's righteousness; no doubt Eve frilled her apron of fig-leaves before she had worn it a day."

AN EPITAPH.—A New Hampshire graveyard, which a Lowell editor visted this summer, contains this epitaph:

"Weep not for me, my friends so dear,
Nor grieve and sob and sigh:
But wear the smile you always did,
For we were born to die."

☞ The news from England in regard to Labor vs. Capital is decidedly bad. The strikes are gradually extending throughout the United Kingdom, with no prospect of a speedy and satisfactory settlement.—*Philadelphia Age.*

☞ The New York Standard waxing eloquent on the fall fashions, says:

"Leaves have their time to fall,
The flower to wither when cold winds blow on it,
And snow to set, but all,
Those hoot all outdoor for fifty years, O heavens!"

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—Full Cabinet, except Akerman. Afterwards the Government left for Boston, to return the latter part of next week.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Adam's Express Company gives $10,000 to Chicago.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, October 13.—The Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company have ordered the immediate payment of its losses aggregating six millions. The Commerce Company, of Albany, with a loss of $459,000, has been placed in the hands of a receiver.

The Nicholson pavement for miles on the north side remains uninjured.

Evidence accumulates that the loss of life is greater than has been estimated.

It is rumored, and believed by some, that the banker Ullman was murdered.

Unpleasantness exists between the Mayor and Common Council regarding the management of city affairs.

Eight elevators were saved. The loss of grain foots up two million bushels.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, October 13.—The Connecticut Fire Insurance Company Circular says that the Chicago losses are so high that it will be obliged to suspend business until reorganization is settled.

Fred Kently attempted suicide this morning, by puncturing his heart with a needle.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, October 13.—Two fever deaths in the last 24 hours.

GEORGIA.

ROME, October 13.—The Fair Grounds were crowded all day. The display was magnificent. The racing fine.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, October 13.—The losses of Liverpool companies in Chicago aggregate £420,000.

The strike at New Castle continues. Several were hurt in a riot, which the police easily suppressed.

Eugenie shortly returns to Chiselhurst.

The health of Victoria is improving.

SPAIN.

MADRID, October 13.—The rupture between the adherents of Ragasta and Sorell is complete. The Republicans are said to be ripe for an offensive movement against the Government.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

MAINE.

PORTLAND, October 13.—Two mills of the Oriental Powder Company exploded, killing one.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 13.—It is stated on 'Change that a lady bought the entire store of ladies' clothing shipped to Baltimore.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, October 13.—The organization effected for the management of the relief fund consists of the Chicago Relief and Aid Society, an old established institution, assisted by prominent citizens. Bills will be audited by a committee. The funds collected should be remitted direct, or held subject to the order of the Chicago Relief and Aid Committee. Signed by R. B. Mason.

Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 13, 6 o'clock, P. M.

Cotton is active and firm at 17½ on the streets, 17¾ in warehouse. Receipts to-day 200 bales.

COTTON—Market closed active; 17¾ in store; 17¾ in warehouse, for New York middlings.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 12, selling at 1 14. Silver buying 1 05; selling 1 10. Exchange on New York buying at ¼ discount; selling at par.

CORN—Car-load lots 87½, for Western white, and 85a90c for Tennessee; small lots 90. Wheat, red $1 70a1 75. White 1 80a1 90. Oats 65a70. Rye 1 35, market bare. Barley —fall, 1 20a1 25.

BACON—Clear sides 10a10½; clear rib sides; shoulders 9a9½; canvassed hams 18a19.

FLOUR—Superfine 6 50; extra 7 50; family 9 00; fancy 10 00.

LARD—13½ for buckets; 12½ for cans and 11½ for tierces.

GROCERIES—Corn Meal, 85a90. Rice, 10½c, tierces. Soap, 6¼a10c. Candles, adamantine, 13½. Tallow 12c. Sugars, A. 14½c; Extra C, 14; Yellow C, 13¼a13¾; Brown 12a12½. Rio Coffee 19¼a23½; Java 33a36. Beeswax, 28a30. Virginia salt, 2 00 Liverpool, 2 25. N. O. Syrup, 70a75. Molasses, barrels, 33c. Pepper 25. Race Ginger, 15c. Starch 7¼a8c. Cheese, factory, 16a17c. Irish potatoes 3 75a 4 00. Onions 4 00.

FACTORY GOODS—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½; 10¼a; bleached shirting, 3-4, 8½10¼a; bleached shirting, 7-8, 12½ 15½, brown drills, 12; bleached drills, 16a17, stripes 12; checks, 14; Montour osnaburgs, 14; Troup, 16; yarns, 1 35a1 40.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Cotton weak; low middlings 19; middling uplands 20½; Orleans 20½; sales 1,954 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery, to-day, 720 bales—October, 19¼a19¾a19¾a13-16. November, 19¼a19 11-16a19 13-16a19½. December, 19¾a19 13-a19 13-16. January, 19 13-16. February, 20, free on board ship, Charleston basis.

Flour closed quiet with buyers refusing to pay the advance; common to fair extra $7 20a7 90, good to choice

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1871.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Broad and Mitchell streets, is for rent

West & Edwards, on Peachtree street, have a second-hand piano for sale.

An old-fashioned gold-link bracelet has been lost.

Many citizens request H. Mathlenbrink to run for Mayor.

W. P. Pattillo, insurance agent, gives some cheering news from the Franklin Fire Insurance Company.

The Madison House at Madison is a first class institution with a live landlord.

Pease and his wife have on exhibition at their Restaurant a sweet potato in the shape of a duck.

A merchant has gone high to say about the Alabama Insurance Company.

Charles Hughes manufactures the finest boots, shoes and gaiters in the latest New York styles.

J. T. Cooper, Clerk Court of Ordinary, gives an estray notice.

FINE HORSES ARRIVED.—Tennessee and Kentucky have arrived, and other fine horses are expected to-day.

ENTRIES FOR THE FAIR.—Up to date one thousand articles have been entered for exhibition at the fair next week.

NOT BANKRUPT.—Reau Campbell & Co. have not gone into bankruptcy. They have simply made an assignment.

BRASS BAND.—One of the best brass bands in the State has been engaged to play at Oglethorpe Park every day during the fair next week.

FAIR PROSPECTS.—The prospects for a fine display of articles and a large attendance of visitors at the fair next week is gratifying and encouraging.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.—The juries were discharged yesterday until next Friday. To-day and Monday will be devoted to the call of the Motion Docket.

SEND THEM IN AT ONCE.—Parties having advertisements for insertion in THE CONSTITUTION FAIR BULLETIN will please hand them in at an early hour to-day.

JENKINISM.—We are gratified to see that the press generally are following the example of THE CONSTITUTION in "Society News," as well as in other things.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.—Our talented young friend, Walter G. Beeks, has been admitted to the Fulton county Bar, after a highly creditable examination.

WE, the Osceola Base Ball Club, do hereby accept any challenge from any Junior Club of the State of Georgia, to play on Wednesday, at 9 o'clock A. M., at Oglethorpe Park.

E. T. PAYNE, Secretary.

THERE will be a meeting of the Young Men's Democratic Club in the Council Chamber, at the City Hall, on Monday night at 7½ o'clock. A general turn out is desired.

WM. T. NEWMAN, President.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 13th, 1871.

Samuel A. Echols, Secretary:

Dear Sir: We will give a premium of $25 for the best two hundred and fifty pounds of white lead exhibited at the Fair at Oglethorpe Park next week.

McCLURE & HARRY.

KEEP COMFORTABLE.—Lawson B. Langford "rises to explain" that he has a large stock of double-bottomed coal-hods for railroad use, with shovels and pokers. Seasonable articles, and so handy.

ACCEPTABLE.—The firm of E. Ketchum & Co., of New York, have donated to the Fair for the benefit of the First Methodist Church, a fine lot of coffee urns, and other domestic utensils. They can be seen at L. B. Langford's,

A ROAD STEAMER.—Colonel W. M. Wadley, President of the Central Railroad, has been telegraphed to send one of his Road Steamers for exhibition at the Fair at Oglethorpe Park next week. Such an attraction should bring thousands of visitors.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH.—Gas fixtures have been put in the basement of the First Methodist Church, on Peachtree street, and the gas turned on. The pastor will preach at morning and night to-morrow.

COBB COUNTY INVENTION.—We saw on exhibition yesterday at the store of Anderson & Wells a cotton seed planter and cultivator, invented by J. A. Wright, of Cobb county, and patented in June, 1871. It seems to be perfectly adapted to its work.

COLONEL FROBELL'S LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—Colonel B. W. Frobell delivers a lecture to-night before the Chamber of Commerce on the Atlantic and Great Western Canal, at the hall, corner of Broad and Alabama streets. It is a subject of vital importance to Atlanta, and we hope to see a large turnout.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday a colored train hand on the State Road, by the name of John McDaniel, was run over near the State Shop. One leg was broken, and the other crushed to such extent as to require amputation. Drs. W. F. Westmoreland, Dr. D'Alvigney, Dr. E. S. Ray and Dr. J. T. Johnson, we learn, attended him.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ATLANTA AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION—Atlanta, Georgia, October 14, 1871.—Exhibitors will please bear in mind that before taking articles designed for exhibition to the Fair Grounds, they must call on Samuel A. Echols, Secretary, enter their articles in due form and receive a card entitling them to admission for themselves and their articles.

I will be ready during to-day (Saturday) at the Fair Grounds, to receive all articles intended for exhibition.

VOLNEY DOWNING,
General Superintendent.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE FROM JAIL.—On Thursday night, Sheriff Harris discovered and frustrated a neat attempt to escape from Fulton county jail. Taylor Turner, one of the parties charged with a murderous assault upon Dick Clark, had, by means of an auger and a pocket knife, cut a hole in the wall large enough to admit him between the walls and the joists. Thursday night was fixed for the escape of Turner and four others—parties charged with distilling, but it was discovered at night in time to prevent its accomplishment. How Turner procured the augur is not known.

SALE OF FURNITURE AND GROCERIES TO-DAY.—This morning, Mayson, at the Live Auction Mart, under DeGive's, has one of the largest sales of fine furniture ever held in Atlanta. The lot consists of elegant marble-topped furniture, black walnut, fancy reps covered parlor suits, elegant chamber suits, mahogany chamber suits, sofas, lounges, book cases, mahogany and dining room chairs, etc. This sale will afford a splendid opportunity for obtaining choice furniture. He will also sell a large lot of tobacco, cigars, snuff, spices, ginger, lard and other articles.

Be early and secure bargains. Barrett has a happy faculty of giving bargains to his customers.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—The following gentlemen compose, we believe, the Central Executive Committee of the Democratic party in this city. They are requested to meet at Colonel E. F. Hoge's office on Monday evening next at six o'clock:

First Ward—John Thomas, Thomas Scrutchin, W. G. Granlin.

Second Ward—E. J. Roach, H. Jackson, S. B. Spencer.

Third Ward—J. G. Kelley, G. W. Anderson, Powell Owen.

Fourth Ward—W. G. Newman, M. A. Bell, J. H. Mecaslin.

Fifth Ward—H. H. Wise, E. F. Hoge, Henry Holmes.

FOURTH WARD DEMOCRATIC CLUB MEETING.—The Club met at the Medical College last night, M. A. Bell, Esq., one of the Vice Presidents of the Club, presiding.

The minutes of the last meeting of the Club were read and approved.

The question was then discussed as to the best mode of nominating the candidates for the municipal offices.

The following resolutions were finally introduced by Major J. R. Lewis, and adopted:

Resolved, That the committee of three appointed from this Ward to act on the Central Executive Committee, be instructed to recommend to the Central Committee that the nomination of the candidate for Mayor be made by ten delegates from each Ward, to be chosen at a regular meeting of the Club in each Ward.

Second, That the nomination of candidates for Aldermen be left to the decision of each Ward. Each Ward voting for its own candidates.

A committee composed of Messrs. Pullen, Reynolds, and Dockery was appointed by the presiding officer, to procure a suitable hall for future meetings of the Club.

On motion of Judge Daniel Pittman, the meeting adjourned until next Friday night week.

DEJOVE.—This popular place of amusement has been repainted and fitted up, and will be reopened to-night for the fair season by that energetic manager and successful caterer of public entertainments, Mr. John Templeton, with an excellent and well selected company.

It is sufficient to say that Miss Alice Vane is with the troupe. By her beauty, her earnestness, her conscientious treatment of the characters she has essayed to interpret, the exquisite characters of her impersonations, and her genteel bearing as a lady of culture, has won an admiration in this community of which any artiste might be proud.

But it is unnecessary to refer to any one of the company. Every artist is up to his or her role, and individually possess merit in the line of acting they attempt.

The bill to-night is "Married Life," a comedy which bristles with good points. A song by May-the-Fay. The above performances will be preceded by the exciting comedy, entitled "Captain of the Watch."

We bespeak for the management a liberal and generous patronage.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 12th, 1871.—*Dear Sir:* In behalf of the directors of the Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Association, I write to ask that you will deliver an address at Oglethorpe Park on one of the days of the Fair, from the 16th to 21st instant. From the high appreciation in which your addresses recently delivered at agricultural fairs, are held, we are assured that your compliance with our solicitation will add interest to the occasion.

Trusting that you may so honor us, I am, dear sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

SAM'L A. ECHOLS' SECRETARY.

To Col. T. Hardeman, Jr.

ATLANTA, GA., October 13, 1871.

MR. S. A. ECHOLS, Secretary of Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Association:

Dear Sir: Your note of this date, asking me in the name of the Directors of your Association to repeat on one day of your Fair an address I had the honor of delivering before the Cartersville Association, has been received, and I hasten to reply. Were I governed by my own inclinations, I would decline to comply with your very flattering request; but prompted by a desire to do all in my power to advance the great interest which enlists the attention and energies of your Association, I will, in accordance with your request, repeat the same as far as may be practicable one of the days of your Fair, as may be hereafter designated.

Thanking your Board for the compliment, I am, sir, very respectfully, T. HARDEMAN, JR.

GEORGIA SUPREME COURT.

Cases to be Decided in the Supreme Court, in Order, July Term, 1871.

REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

13. Cherokee Circuit	18	17. Ocmulgee Circuit	5
14. Northern Circuit	5	18. Eastern Circuit	6
15. Augusta Circuit	10	19. Brunswick Circuit	5
16. Middle Circuit	1		

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.—*October 13, 1871.*—B. H. Hill, Jr., Esq., of Atlanta, and Emory Speer, Esq., of Athens, Ga., were admitted to this bar.

Argument of No. 13, Cherokee Circuit—W. W. Baker, et al., vs. Robert Routh, et al.—was concluded.

No. 14 was withdrawn. It is J. C. Farries vs. Wm. T. Evans. Complaint, from Catoosa.

Dodson & Payne, for plaintiff in error.

J. H. Anderson, contra.

Argument was heard in the following cases, viz:

No. 15, Wm. Worthy vs. The State. Adultery, from Whitfield.

Johnson & McCamey, for plaintiff in error.

C. G. Broyles, Solicitor General by D. A. Walker, contra.

No. 16, William Worthy vs. Aaron Kinsman and Jesse A. George. Trover, from Whitfield.

Jesse A. Glenn, S. Percy Green, for plaintiff in error.

McCutchen & Shumate, contra.

The court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M., to-morrow.

[OFFICIAL.]

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL—*Atlanta, October 13, 1871.*—Council met. Present Hon. Dennis F. Hammond, Mayor, and a full Board of Alderman.

PETITIONS.

Of P. Huger et al., calling attention to the obstruction of Mechanic street by the Macon and Western Railroad, and asking that the same be removed. Referred to Street Committee.

Of Parkins & Allen, recommending the second installment of $5,000 on account of public schools to Messrs. Pitts & Cook. Granted, and check passed up.

Of M. W. Johnson et al., for the continuation of drainage on Broad street. Referred to Street Committee.

Of James M. Ball, relative to the payment of tax twice on the same property. Referred to Tax Committee.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Michael O'Neal proposes to plant 250 trees in the City Hall Park, and warrant them to live, for $1,000.

R. B. Hoyt and J. W. Craig assess the damage done to Felix Sowars by the opening of Marietta street at $750.

Dr. W. P. Harden, Physician of the Second Ward, tenders his resignation. Accepted.

PETERS STREET.

The assessors for assessing the damage by the widening of Peters street awarded the following damages:

G. W. Adair	$300 00
J. Robinson	50 00
Mr. Fechter	400 00
Middlebrooks & Barnes	400 00
W. Kyle	800 00

The award to Adair and Robinson accepted, and the balance rejected.

The city in widening Peters street where the lot of Mr. ———, makes an angle, which property is now in litigation, takes a strip 300 feet in length, 19 feet wide at the angle. This strip embracing the nineteenth part of an acre, and its value as agreed upon, is $50. This amount to be paid by the city subject to be claimed by the party pending the suit. Adopted.

WIDENING OF THOMPSON STREET.

The assessors on the widening of Thompson award as damages to Richard Peters $1,000. Adopted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Fire Street, on petition of G. W. Bruns, for opening an alley on that portion of the Public School Lot, on Crew street, which adjoins his lot, report in *favor* of opening a public alley, ten feet wide on said lot. Adopted. Referred. Afterwards reconsidered and referred back to Committee with power to sell ten feet.

Street, recommending the payment of $30 to Dr. H. L. Wilson, R. R. Rawson $100 and A. R. Wylie $35 for services rendered. Adopted.

Finance, recommending the payment of $100 to J. T. Glenn, for services in the case of Edwin Payne's estate vs. The Mayor and Council of Atlanta. Adopted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The question of repairing damages to lots of Capt. Jackson, Mr. Tucker, and others, by the street force was referred to the member of the Street Committee from the ward in which the lot lies.

The chairman of Committee on Cisterns requested not to proceed with building the 46,000 gallon cistern in the First Ward until he ascertained the cost of building two of 30,000 gallons capacity each.

Policeman R. B. Hutchen made an explanation relative to claim for nineteen days sick time. Allowed, and also claim of Policeman Parish.

Ordinance relative to throwing water on lots referred to City Attorney.

R. R. LEE FIRE COMPANY.

Petition of R. R. Lee Fire Company for an appropriation of $500 referred to Committee on Fire Department.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Grubb—Tabled.

Authorizing R. A. Robertson to survey the city, and number the houses, the city to pay twenty cents for each number.

By Alderman McLendon—Adopted.

Resolved, That C. C. Hammock and G. W. Adair be elected assessors on damage to corner lot on corner of Pryor and Line streets.

By Alderman Finch—adopted:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to repair the bridge on Foot street.

By Alderman Wells—adopted:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to put down a crossing on Broad street in front of Kelly's building.

NEW POLICE STATION HOUSE.

The proposals for building the new Police Station House were opened and read, as follows:

Willis Peck, plastering and whitewashing, $900.

C. Schnatz, plastering, $1,085.

M. Bloomfield, granite work, $594.

Young and Welsh, granite work, $445; side-work, $120—$565.

J. C. Peck & Co., material and carpenter work (wood) $5,850.

T. G. W. Crassell, stone masonry, $3 70 per perch.

Ryan & Whaley, brick work, etc., $3,639 39; wall alone, $5,433 39.

Campbell & Williams, brick work, $4,340.

Newman & Pals, brick work and rough rock work, $6,188; of Chattahoochee river brick, $6,156.

Richberg & Langsdorf, cement pipes, gas fitting, etc., $289.

On motion, the subject was referred back to the Committee on Public Buildings.

KATE KELTON'S HOUSE.

The Street Committee recommended the payment of $170 to Kate Kelton for damage to her lot on Peters street. Adopted.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Finance Committee recommended the payment of bills to the amount of $3,156 68. Adopted.

FINALE.

Council adjourned at 9:45 o'clock P. M.

BOOK-KEEPERS AND MERCHANTS will find on the counters of Phillips & Crew a very large stock of blank books, both of the full and half bound of the stoutest, finest, medium, crown and cap—Ledgers, Journals, Day-Books, Records and Cash Books.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

THE R. R. KIMBALL HOUSE, OCTOBER 13, 10½ o'clock P. M.

Grittenden & Co., Proprietors.

J W Burns, Seville, Fla.		Geo Fox, Ga.	
J B Griffin, B & A R R.		Geo Gobs, Savannah,	
A Forrest, Texas,		C S Parr, Ill.	
J P Thompson, Ga.		E J Means, S C.	
Walter Curtis, Ala.		W H Merfey, Ala.	
Jacob Bonnet, Ala.		O Fosin, Texas	
G A Patillo, S, R & D R R.		Wm Kinny, Tenn.	
J A Miller, Ky.		J M Outs, Texas.	
T S Larkin, N Y.		W H Horton, Ky.	
R A Wallace, Savannah,		H Weathersby, Ga.	
T H Kiser, Augusta,		J Hoskins, N Y.	
Thos O'Connor, Texas.		J P Gobbs, Phil.	
T S Fry, w & c, Mobile,		B F Bowling, Texas.	
A M Scarbrough, Texas.		U S Pierce, Ga.	
Dr B W Lawton, Augusta,		W D Bartskill, Cuthbert,	
J H Miller,	"	J H Walker, Va.	
J B Randall,	"	A Zone, Ky.	
Miss Cain, Ga.		J R Trumbart, Va.	
A L Rogers, Ga.		J C Ried, Lexington,	
W G Floyd, Ga.		J D Mathews,	
W W Wadsworth, Ga.		A D Little, Nashville,	
N D Arnold, R I.		J P Long,	
J C Babb, Ga.		B F Easton, Bainbridge,	
W J Manley, Ga.		W M Booker, Ga.	
W L Wolf, N Y.		J Faulkman, Ga.	

A H DeWitt, Baltimore.

Local and Business Notices.

ALASKA INSURANCE COMPANY.—ATLANTA, GA., October 12, 1871.—*Editors Constitution:* I notice an advertisement in your columns, headed "Special Telegram," which, it seems to me, is intended to reflect upon those whose business it is to extend protection to our people in case of fire. Our Insurance Agents, through their companies, are, in my humble judgment, men of no mean repute, and their interest, reputation, and the credit of their companies should be well guarded, but particularly not held up to ridicule in the public press. Take away from any community this protection, and in case of fire, how is it with them? "Honesty is the best policy," and "right wrongs no man," and hence we think it unkind, and certainly out of place, especially at this juncture, to appear in the public press in the style and spirit manifested in the advertisement alluded to. The author either had a purpose, or he had none, and we trust the latter construction is right, and that being true, such an item is, in our humble judgment, quite out of place, to say the least. Let us merchants and business men of Atlanta, hold up the hands of our worthy Insurance Agents, and bid them speed on in their noble high calling.

oct14—d1t A MERCHANT

LATEST FROM CHICAGO.—Charles Hughes desires to state to his many friends and patrons, that he is still at No. 42 Pryor street, and with increased facilities for manufacturing the FINEST BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS, in the latest New York styles Call and examine his PREMIUM work.

oct14—d4t

THERE is on exhibition at Pease and His Wife's Restaurant, one of the greatest natural curiosities ever seen, in the shape of a Sweet Potato. oct14—d2t

FISH AND OYSTER DEPOT—84 Whitehall street—Wholesale and Retail. Oysters $2 per gallon; Fish 25 to 45 cents per string; Shrimps 25 cents per quart; Crabs 75 cents per dozen—carefully packed in ice and shipped to any point. L. COOK.

oct13—dtf

A BOOK THAT EVERY HOUSE KEEPER SHOULD HAVE.—250 Rare Recipes, including 100 used by the celebrated Metropolitan Hotel, New York. The price is only 25 cents. For sale by agents. No household should be without these recipes.

oct13—dtf

JUST ARRIVED—A fresh lot of Fish of all kinds at SAVARESE & BRO.,
oct13—d2t Marietta Street.

JNO. C. WHITNER, Insurance Agent, would assure his patrons that he has information from the following companies, showing that they promptly meet their Chicago losses without detriment to policy-holders, viz:

Home Insurance Company of New York.
International Insurance Company of New York.
Atlantic Insurance Company of New York.
Excelsior Insurance Company of New York.
Hartford, of Hartford.
North British and Mercantile, of London.

oct12—d3t

LARGE arrival of Blankets, at extreme low prices. To be had at STEINHEIMER & BROS.' New York Store,
oct12—dtf 39 Whitehall Street.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.—New York, October 11th, 1871.—Jno. C. Whitner, Agent: The London Board telegraphs, "Subscribe $5,000 for Chicago sufferers. Settle all losses promptly. Draw at three days' sight. American assets will not be touched.

CHAS. E. WHITE,
oct12—d3t Associate Manager.

THE PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. The following dispatch was received by Mr. Davis, Agent of the above Company, yesterday evening:

AUGUSTA, GA., October 10, 1871.

L. B. DAVIS, Agent Pacific Insurance Company of California, Atlanta, Georgia—Chicago losses heavy, but will be paid as soon as adjusted.

HERMAN S. JOHNSON,
oct11—d3t Special Agent.

THE TREMENDIOUS RUSH at M. & J. Hirsch's, 41 Whitehall street, is caused from the fact that they sell Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods at such astonishing *low* prices that every body who is in want of a suit is rushing to the Oak Hall Clothing House, No. 41 Whitehall street, to get fitted out, before all the great bargains are gone. Style and quality of goods cannot be surpassed by any house this side of New York. Call and convince yourself of the fact.

oct10— oct4—d1m

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Merchants and Druggists doing business at a distance from the railroad, when ordering my "Cherokee Indian Bitters," will please state the depot to which they have their goods shipped. By so doing, I can sometimes supply their wants much earlier. Address all orders to R. H. McCutcheon, Marietta, Ga., who alone is authorized to manufacture the original and genuine.

oct12— aug12—d3m

TO PUBLISHERS.—News Ink in twenty-five pound kegs, and upwards, can be had at THE CONSTITUTION office. The Ink is fresh—just from market.

aug30—dtf

MR. EDITOR: Will you oblige many citizens by suggesting the following names to the citizens of Atlanta for Councilmen at the next election. They are solid, representative men, and will doubtless give satisfaction, if elected:

1st Ward—G. W. Adair,
Wm. Grambling.
2d Ward—Green T. Dodd,
W. J. Garrett.
3d Ward—Lemuel P. Grant,
James Kelly.
4th Ward—John H. Flynn,
John C. McMillan.
5th Ward—C. W. Hunnicutt,
C. A. Pitts.

sep22-dtf MANY CITIZENS.

FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS.—Lewis Cook, Collier Building, Whitehall Street, has perfected his arrangements for receiving fresh supplies of fish, shrimps and oysters during the coming fall and winter months. If you want any thing of the kind, give him a call. The season is now open, and he is ready to supply the trade. sep19—1f

PELL'S RESTAURANT.—This popular resort is still open to the public. Everything nice can be had here. The bar is supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. Confectioneries and fruits of all kind. All orders must be accompanied with the cash.

apr27-d1y

FALL STYLES.—The fall and winter stock of Eiseman & Bro., No. 56, Whitehall street, is now open for the inspection of the public. Every department of the house has been thoroughly stocked with the choicest goods they have ever exhibited. By judicious management they have secured goods at low rates, and offer them at a very small advance.

sep21-dtf

Marriage in High Life.—Hanleiter's Book Bindery and Blank Book Manufactory has been conjoined to, and forms part of, the Plantation Publishing Company's establishment, which is located in the new Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta, corner of Peachtree, and presents a **Terrible Temptation** to all in want of anything in the way of PRINTING, BINDING OR RULING.

aug29-tf

WE are Agents for the Battle Creek Coal Mines, and are prepared to furnish Coal for grates or steam, by car load, delivered in Atlanta, at 22½ cents per bushel, or at 18 cents on cars at Chattanooga. This Coal is the best offered in our market, and this is the time to buy your Coal for winter.

july7—dtf ANDERSON, PATTON & Co. Chattanooga, Tenn.

BREVIER TYPE.—Fifty Fonts of Type for sale. W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.

sep26—d&wtf

SEVERAL thousand old Papers for sale at this Office at 50 cents per hundred.

aug30-dtf

THE Popularity of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, gained from its always being as represented—strictly pure—combining all of the elements needed for a wholesome, nutricious, and perfect baking powder. oct10—deod1w&w1t

DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL FLAVORINGS.

VANILLA, LEMON Etc.,
For Flavoring Ice Cream, Cakes & Pastry.

THOMPSON, STEELE & PRICE M'F'G CO
Depots, Chicago and St. Louis,
MANUFACTURERS OF
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
AND BLOOD ENRICHER.

THE GREAT RECUPERATOR OF EXHAUSTED ENERGIES.
The most reliable Blood Purifier.
The sure Repairer of Broken Health.
The true Nerve Supporter.
The Permanent Strength Renewer.
The most Energetic Tonic.

In all cases of Debility, Poor Blood, Weak Nerves, Disordered Digestion, it surely and durably benefits.

Sold by all Druggists, or the Manufacturers on the receipt of $6, will send, by Express, 6 Bottles, which is sufficient for 3 or 4 months.

Prepared only at the Laboratory of
Thompson, Steele & Price M'f'g Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER,
Special Flavorings for Ice Cream, Cakes & Pastry.
247 and 249 LAKE STREET, - CHICAGO, ILL.
227 SECOND STREET, - - ST. LOUIS, MO.

The only kind made by a practical chemist, as well as physician, with special reference to its healthfulness. *Compared with articles that aid digestion. Perfect in quality. Cheapest, because the purest. Best, as it is the healthiest.* Biscuits, corn bread, cakes, pastry, not only white (sweet) and light, but wholesome and nutritious. *Use it; prove it.* If not as recommended, we forfeit right to truthfulness. *Ex*—Many worthless cheap imitations. Be sure you get *Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.* Sold by Grocers. Manufactured only by THOMPSON, STEELE & PRICE M'F'G CO. Depots, Chicago and St. Louis.

sep26-deod&w1y

Dr. W. G. Drake,

RESIDENCE on Wheat street, near Pryor. Office at Berry, Venable & Collins' drug store, corner Peachtree and Decatur streets. Consulting from private. oct5-d&wtm

Dr. Hurley's Ague Tonic!

Purely Vegetable! No Arsenic! No Mercury in its Composition!

NO CURE, NO PAY. If directions be followed. No danger in taking an overdose, as we put no poison in our medicines. One dollar per bottle.

Dr. Hurley's Stomach Bitters!

IS the remedy, par excellence, for all diseases arising from debility, disordered stomach, loss of appetite, torpid liver, indigestion, and all kindred ailments, where a gentle and permanent stimulant and tonic is required. Pleasant to take. One dollar per bottle.

DR. HURLEY'S SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA
With Iodide of Potash.

THIS Preparation has long been recognized by the most eminent minds in the Medical Profession as the most reliable, searching and harmless alterative within their reach, and as a Blood Purifier it certainly stands without a rival. One dollar per bottle.

Dr. Seabrook's
INFANT SOOTHING SYRUP.

THE indispensable remedy in the Nursery. No more use for laudanum, paregoric, Bateman's Drops, or other strong opiates. No bad effects from the use of Seabrook's. Health to the child, rest to the mother, and a clear conscience to the vendor. 25 cents per bottle.

Dr. Hurley's Popular Worm Candy

IS real y all it claims to be—a SPECIFIC—a movers all worms from the human viscera. No harmful effect from its use. Children love it. No danger in giving an overdose. 25 cents per box.

Dr. Seabrook's
ELIXIR OF BARK AND IRON.

THE Great Tonic and Appetizer. One dollar per bottle. All for sale by Druggists every where.

J. W. SEATON & CO., Proprietors,
sep16-deod&wtf Louisville, Ky.

The Last Call.

CITY TAX PAYERS will please take notice that the City Council passed a resolution in Council last night instructing me to close my BOOKS, and turn them over to the Clerk of Council on the First Monday of October. All that do not pay by that time will be waited upon by the Marshal with cost attached.

Now, please remember that all cannot be waited on the last few days, and come up at once, commencing Monday, the 25th instant. I offer books from 8 until 12; 2 until 5.

Respectfully,
JOHN THOMAS,
sep25-2m1m0s City Collector.

George Page & Co.,

No. 5 N. Howard Street, Baltimore.

Manufacturers of
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS
PATENT IMPROVED, PORTABLE
Circular Saw Mills,
Gang, Mulay and Sash Saw Mills,
GRIST MILLS, TURBIN WHEELS, SHINGLE MACHINES, Etc. Dealers in Circular Saws, Belting and Mill supplies generally, and manufacturers' agents for Leffel's Centre Vent Turbin Water Wheel, and every description of Wood Working Machinery.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINES A SPECIALTY.

Send for descriptive Catalogues & Price Lists.

sep22-deod&w1y

ALL BROWNERS WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE THE SUN Counterscarp office a call before going elsewhere to have their Printing done.

THE NEXT GREAT ANNUAL

GEORGIA STATE FAIR,

Will be Held at Macon,

COMMENCE MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, AND CONTINUE FOR EIGHT DAYS.

PREPARATION ON A GRAND SCALE!

THE FINEST PARK AND BEST RACE TRACK

ON THE AMERICAN CONTINENT.

Seven Magnificent Exhibition Halls!

250 SPLENDID HORSE COTTAGES.

$10,000 IN CASH PREMIUMS

OFFERED FOR FAST HORSES—TROTTING OR RUNNING!

The Fastest Horses in the North and South to be present. Superior Accommodations for Stock.

A GRAND STAND,

CAPABLE OF ACCOMMODATING FIVE THOUSAND PEOPLE!

Grand State Regatta!

Over $1,000 in Cash Premiums! Boat Clubs invited from New York to New Orleans. Fifteen different Clubs expected. River bank Terraced for One Mile. Ten Thousand spectators can be seated on the beautiful green-sward at one time.

3 NEWSPAPERS TO BE PRINTED ON THE GROUNDS

Telegraph, Express and Post-office in full operation on the ground, day and night, for the convenience of Visitors!

A HANDSOME COTTAGE

With private rooms for the accommodation of Editors and Newspaper Correspondents.

GRAND BALLOON ASCENSION

EVERY DAY AT THREE, P. M.

EDWARD PAYSON WESTON,

The distinguished Pedestrian, from New York, will appear on Monday and Tuesday, October 23d and 24th, and illustrate his wonderful powers of endurance which have excited the wonder and admiration of the world.

OTHER EXHIBITIONS OF RARE INTEREST AND MERIT!

Will be of daily occurrence throughout the week.

STREET CARS!

Will take Passengers to and from the Park to any part of the City every fifteen minutes.

Fare, Only Ten Cents!

Special Premiums!

Are offered amounting to over $10,000. Five Thousand dollars offered by one man!

Arrangements for Railroad and Steamboat transportation at half rates for Passengers and Freight have been made with all the lines throughout the country from New York to New Orleans, and from Chicago to Savannah.

Now, please remember that all cannot be waited on the last few days, and come up at once, commencing Monday, the 25th instant. I offer books from 8 until 12; 2 until 5.

Respectfully,
JOHN THOMAS,
City Collector.

ONLY $32 FROM NEW YORK TO MACON AND RETURN!

Twenty Thousand Visitors Expected Daily on the Grounds!

SEND FOR REVISED PREMIUM LISTS TO THE UNDERSIGNED.

W. A. HUFF, Mayor.

oct3—d2w

LADIES, TAKE NOTICE!!

The Largest Variety of Goods in the City can be found

—AT—

MRS. FRANK'S,

Decatur Street, Opposite City Park.

FASHIONABLE and carefully selected stock of Dry Goods at MRS. FRANK'S.
Complete Stock of French and American Millinery Goods at MRS. FRANK'S.
Largest stock of German, English and American Hosiery in the city, at MRS. FRANK'S.
Ladies' ready-made Suits, Cloaks and Shawls, for fall and winter wear, at MRS. FRANK'S.
Ladies' and Children's Furs, of the latest styles, and complete assortment of all grades, at MRS. FRANK'S.
Real and imitation Hair Goods at MRS. FRANK'S.
Gr. at variety of Lace and Linen Collars, Edging, Laces, Trimmings, Zephyr Wools, Canvas, Patterns, etc., at MRS. FRANK'S.
Baltimore city made Ladies' and Misses' Shoes—every pair warranted, at MRS. FRANK'S.
Gilt and Plated Beads, Fringes, Stars, Tassels, etc., for theatrical societies and party purposes, at MRS. FRANK'S.

It is impossible to enumerate all articles kept at my establishment. Give me a call and you will find what you want, at low figures. My bargains are not in advertisements, but are found at my Store in the shelves and on the counters. Respectfully,
J. FRANK'S,
oct12-dtf Decatur street, opposite City Park.

SHARP & FLOYD,

Jewelers and Silversmiths.

We have recently enlarged and improved our Store, making it the handsomest Sale-room in the South, and added FRESH ATTRACTIONS IN

Fine Watches,

Of Sterling Time-keeping Qualities, elegantly cased.

Beautiful Opera, Vest and Guard Chains,

AN UNEQUALED DIAMOND STOCK,

Embracing some VERY FINE STONES. New styles, Pearl, Coral, Roman, Gold Sets Bracelets, Necklaces, Shirt and Sleeve Buttons.

Sterling Siver-ware for Wedding Presents.

ENGRAVED WITHOUT CHARGE IN SUPERIOR STYLE,

Fine Plated Ware, French, Marble and Bronze Clocks, Weddings, Fairs, Artistic Bronzes, ect. We are Agents for the

Diamond Spectacles,

The best aid to Impaired Sight known. We give personal attention to

Repairing of Jewelry and Watches,

And have the Finest Workmen in the City.

We shall take pleasure in showing our store and stock to all.

We Offer Greater Inducements than heretofore to Purchasers.

sep17—dtf SHARP & FLOYD.

STILL IN THE FIELD,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

Cooking Stoves, Heating Stoves, Grates,

HOLLOW-WARE,

Silver-Plated Ware, Gas Fixtures, Pumps,

CONCRETE SEWER PIPES, TIN-WARE,

Copper, Sheet Iron, Tin Plate, House-Furnishing Goods, Etc.

JUST RECEIVED, A CAR LOAD OF

Marbleized Slate Mantels, and Hearths

DIRECT FROM THE QUARRY. I AM STILL PREPARED TO DO

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING

IN A SUPERIOR MANNER AT SHORT NOTICE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

The attention of Merchants is directed to my Stock of Tin-ware, which I am offering at prices defying competition.

COME AND EXAMINE MY ENTIRE STOCK, AS I MEAN BUSINESS.

LAWSON BEDFORD LANGFORD,
sep22—d2m 81 Whitehall Street.

M. HEYMAN & BRO.,

Wholesale Boots and Shoes,

No. 16 H. I. Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

Our Stock is Complete

AND FROM FIRST HANDS!

A TRIAL IS ALL WE ASK!

TO CONVINCE THE BUYER

OF THE

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICE

AND

Durability of our Goods!

sep13-2m—oct4

W. G. ROBINSON, Agent,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes,

NO. 67 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

HAS now in store his Fall Stock, embracing full lines of T. Miles & Son, J. C. Wells and Jenkins McKibben celebrated Philadelphia work, together with a good stock of Eastern made goods.

PRICES GUARANTEED TO BE AS LOW AS ANY IN THE CITY.

Merchants buying for CASH, and consumers generally, are invited to examine his stock before buying.

sep7—d1m

Carpets! Carpets!

VISITORS to the Fair will find at Kendrick's Carpet Store, on Marietta street, the richest and most varied line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, CURTAINS,

Ever brought to Atlanta. An inspection is all we ask.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
Atlanta Carpet and House-furnishing Store.
sep26-1m

CHOICE SEED OATS!

200 bushels Norway Oats.
200 bushels Surprise Oats.
200 bushels Golden White Oats.

Also a large stock of Feed Oats at low prices, at ADAIR & BRO.
sep26-1m Whitehall St.

Coal Creek Coal.

WE have on hand, and are receiving daily, the best quality of GENUINE COAL CREEK COAL. Our terms are STRICTLY CASH, and orders unaccompanied with the same will not be filled.

Asbestos Roofing and Cement. Hurdner's Bound Preparation, etc., etc.

EARLY ROSE POTATOES, will be in store for early planting at

Custom Work a Spec

The Daily Constitution.

Theatrical and Show Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Haight's circus is billed through Florida.

Skiff & Gaylord are at Utica, New York.

The Davenport Brothers are in Philadelphia.

Edwin Forrest is at the Walnut, Philadelphia.

Haight's Circus was at Montgomery on the 12th instant.

Miss Kitty Chapman was recently married in Cleveland.

Prof. Wilbur, the ventriloquist, was in Cartersville last week.

Miss Lillie Eldridge will appear in Augusta in a short time.

Sam Sharpley's Silver Show was at Memphis on the 6th instant.

The "Fair Lydia" and blondes are billed for Providence, R. I., on the 19th.

Old John Robinson, with his three or four shows, is working his way slowly to Atlanta.

Gray, with his troupe gave an entertainment in Nashville on the 11th for the benefit of the Chicago sufferers.

DeCastro will appear in Nashville on the 16th. The Chapman Sisters at the same place on the 25th and 26th.

Ames' Circus and Menagerie has been completely disorganized. Its effects, animals, etc., have fallen into the hands of the sheriff of Scott county, Iowa, for debt.

Miscellaneous News Items.

Large pantaloons threaten to be stylish again.

A Woonsocket dog was honored with a regular funeral.

More giant skeletons have been unearthed in West Virginia.

New York has about given up all hope of reasonable hack-fares.

A somnolent Staten Island bridegroom overslept his marriage hour.

Syracuse discusses the recent elopement of a banker's daughter with a hoofer.

San Diego exports honey to San Francisco by the ton, put up in two-pound cans.

Chicago chronicles a lady smoking a cigar at the window of a fashionable mansion.

Why is an umbrella in wet weather like a wornout horse? Because it is used up.—*Judy*.

The New York Commercial calls the Greeley faction a "squad of political tomtits."

The New York Herald says of Boutwell: "As a finance minister he is incapable and a failure."

A Missouri paper publishes the names of the physicians who have had bad luck with their patients.

A Vermonter aged 109, suspecting that the climate of that State didn't agree with him, emigrated to Detriot recently.

South Carolina News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

An express office has been opened in York Camden feels the necessity of a National Bank.

The Court House at Blackville has been completed.

Greenville county will not realize more than half a crop.

A Royal Arch Chapter of colored Masons has been organized in Charleston.

The residence of J. W. McLeod, in Claredon, was destroyed by fire a few days ago.

Peter McCall, who has been clerk of the court for Marlboro county for thirty years, died last week.

At the Sandy Springs camp meeting in Anderson county over one hundred persons joined the Methodist church.

The crops in Abbeville are turning out rather better than was expected some time since. The corn crop will be sufficient for the county.

Charles Webber, a member of the Fireman's Band, of Columbia, took French leave on Thursday night, leaving behind sadder, yet wiser friends. An enlisted man of the seventh cavalry, has been sentenced to be confined at Fort Pulaski for three years for sleeping on post.—*Daily Union*.

Feminiums.

Cashmere continues a favorite wool fabric for costumes.

Guipire lace will be more in fashion this year than last.

Lace will be largely used for trimming silk and cashmere suits for the winter.

Among the most trustworthy light-house keepers on the Atlantic coast, are several women.

The most fashionable outside garment for fall will be the circular cape, trimmed with lace and embroidery.

Radzimir silk, or widow's silk, to be worn when bombazine and crape are being left off, a lustreless silk of deepest black.

Solid colored silks and rich poplins are fashionable for street costumes; dark green, brown, black, maroon and navy-blue being favorite colors.

Five young ladies have been admitted to the University of Vermont. The advent of ladies at chapel excercises created quite a flutter among the gallant sophomores.

The last lunacy of fashion is the rage for gray hair. Middle aged ladies are falling into the habit of appearing in public with venerable white locks, and white powder in active demand.

"Where, Where is Omaha!"

The Sioux City (Iowa) Times gets off the following good one on Omaha:

President Grant arrived here yesterday at three o'clock, and started for the Ogden House to get a square meal.

He was waited upon by Mayor Caldwell, ex-Mayor Millard, General Augur, Senator Hitchcock, and Hon. John Taffe, M. C., who, in a very humble and suppliant addresses written by the ministers and school teachers of the West Side, in council assembled, begged His Excellency to favor Omaha by a visit, if only for five minutes.

Grant, (taking a cigar stump from his lips) —"Omaha, Omaha, where the devil is Omaha?"

Delegation—"It's only across the river Your Imperial Majesty."

Grant, (puff, puff)—"Damn it! I thought Omaha was somewhere up in the Indian Reserve, among the Blackbird Hills. I have no time to switch off and see side issues."

Miscellaneous Foreign Items.

A calculation has been made that there are in London 700,000 cats.

A Spanish infantry regiment has just been armed with the Berdan rifle. The people of New Jersey ought to feel proud.

The Belgian Ministry has raised the railway fares in Belgium. The alteration to go into effect from the 1st of November.

Three of the large Parisian bankers have made the offer to take up the whole of the loan of the city of Paris at the conditions required.

The Courier Diplomatique of Paris states that Belgium, Switzerland and Italy refuse all modifications of the treaties of commerce with France in a protectional sense.

Two newspapers—El Traditional, of Valencia, and one, name not given, of Saragossa—have been seized and their editors imprisoned for freely expressing their opinions about the Italian King of Spain.

Brevities and Levities.

A humane society recently arrested a young woman for beating an egg.

When is a small fish pond like a bird cage? When there is a perch in it.

What is that which is so brittle that if you name it you break it? Silence.

When a person declares that his brain is on fire, is it etiquitte to blow it out?

Newsboys are never "broke," for they always have an "extra—two cents."

Many young men are so improvident they cannot keep anything but late hours.

Richmond has a society called "The Daughters of the Golden Candlestick." They are probably snuffers.

Does it prove that liquor is conducive to good health because most jolly drunkards have good happy tights?

TOO LUCKY.—"Hans, where you get that knife?"

"I finds him, fader."

"No, Hans; I believes you tells one big fa'sehood."

"No, fadder; dat is true; I is the luckiest boy you never see."

"Vell, Hans, I has to vip you."

"Not 'cause I steals, fader?"

"No, Hans, I vip you 'cause you so very lucky."

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head, to order for twenty-five dollars for one year; $15 for six months; ten dollars for three months; $2 dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law. Office over S. John Ryan's store, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Post Office Box 148. july28-3m

DR. S. S. BULLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin, Johnson & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. jan7-dly

DEEPLES & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law, Atlanta Ga. Office No. 34, H. I. Kimball House.
C. DEEPLES. E. P. HOWELL.
july16-dly

FREE to Book Agents. We will send a handsome Prospectus of our New Illustrated Family Bible containing over 200 fine Scripture Illustrations, to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address National Publishing Co., Atlanta, Ga. oct12-dlf

JOHN A. WIMPY, Attorney at Law, Marietta and Broad streets, up stairs, over Peal's Saloon, Atlanta, Ga., will practice in all the Courts sitting in Atlanta, and in the Superior Courts in any portion of the State accessible by rail. All collections promptly attended to. sept26-dly

DRS. LOVE & INGRAHAM, office Powell Hall, Junction Peachtree and Broad streets, residence (and home office) corner Ivy street, near Houston. P. O. Box 142.
WM. ABRAM LOVE, M. D. E. P. INGRAHAM, M. D
feb21—dly

Bulbs! Bulbs!

HYACYNTHS, NARCISSUS, Tritonias, Lilium, Amarium, and many other choice varieties arriving daily at MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-tf 42 Broad street.

100 Bushels Blue Grass.

100 Bushels Orchard Grass,
100 Bushels Red Top Grass,
100 Bushels Clover, now at
MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

Blanchard Churns!

VIBRATOR CHURNS, Nonpariel Washing Machines, Reliance Clothes Wringers, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

CONTINENTAL FEED CUTTERS.

ROAD SCRAPES, Clod Crushers, and Field Rollers, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S Agricultural Warehouse,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

PLOWS.

THE CHEAPEST PLOWS IN THE CITY, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S Agricultural Warehouse,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

Cotton Seed Hullers.

WHEEL BARROWS, and Diamond Spring Wagons, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad streets.

WELL FIXTURES—SMITH'S PATENT.

WELL and CISTERN PUMPS, Drag Saws, Shingle Machines, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

Onion Sets.

ONION BUTTONS, ONION SEEDS, and all other Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, suited to the season, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

My Terms.

I HAVE reduced the prices of goods in my line, greatly below last season's prices, and now sell only FOR CASH. I warrant all articles sold to be as represented. I will not be undersold by any honorable dealers in the South.
MARK W. JOHNSON,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

Hoadley's Steam Engines.

CALIFORNIA SMUTTERS, Genuine Dutch Anchor Bolting Cloths, King of the South Mills, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S
oct12-dtf Machine Depot, 42 Broad street.

Sorgho Machinery.

I HAVE sole agency for the American Cane Mills, Evaporators, Horse Powers, Furnaces, etc. MARK W. JOHNSON,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS.

MIXED LAWN GRASS, Crimson Clover, Lucerne, Rescue Grass, etc. The most extensive assortment in the South, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S
oct12-dtf Seed Store, 42 Broad street.

SEED WHEAT—SEED OATS!

100 Tons Sea Foul Guano,
50 tons Rhvan Guano,
50 tons pure Flour of Raw Bone,
50 tons Raw Bone Superphosphate,
25 tons Meat and Bone Guano,
10 tons Peruvian Guano, etc., at
MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

Flower Pots

AND Hyacinth Glasses, now in store,

EARLY ROSE POTATOES,

will be in soon for early planting, at
MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

Step Ladders

ARRANGED conveniently for using in dwellings, etc. Asbestos Roofing and Cement. Horsford's Bread Preparation, etc., at
MARK W. JOHNSON'S,
oct12-dtf 42 Broad street.

DRY LUMBER

AND

NO. 1 LATHS FOR SALE.

HALF Million of best dry LATHS, equal to the White Pine, 3 feet 1-4—3 feet, and about four hundred thousand feet of choice dry YELLOW PINE LUMBER, consisting of 1x10 and 12—1 1-4x8, 7, 30 and 12—1 1-2, 1 3-4, 2 and 3x14, 16, 18 and 20—20 and 40 feet long, are now placed on the market at $3 75 per 1,000 for Laths, and $18 00 per 1,000 feet for Lumber, loaded on cars at Eastman, M. & B. R. R.
Orders for Laths and Lumber, both dry and green, promptly filled.
oct11-dlm FOSTER, ALFORD & CO.

JAMES' NEW BANK BLOCK

Grand Opening of the Magnificent New Retail Store of

William Rich & Co.

WILL take place on the 13th, when the most elegant and extensive stock of

Dry Goods

that has ever been brought to Atlanta will be displayed.

Our patrons and public are respectfully invited.
WILLIAM RICH & CO.,
James' Bank Block, Whitehall street,
oct11-dlm Near Railroad Crossing.

For Sale,

THE GEORGIA HOTEL PROPERTY, situated immediately in front of the Passenger Depot, Griffin, Ga. This is now conceded to be the best opening for a large hotel enterprise in Georgia, and lacks nothing but a little capital and enterprise to make it the best Summer Resort in Georgia.

The location is everything desired for the convenience of transient guests.

The house needs repairs or new building, and the inability of the proprietor to improve is the only reason for offering to sell.

Terms.—One-third cash; one-third first January next, and balance first of January, 1873.
Address, JAMES & SMITH,
oct6-dlm Griffin or Monteruma, Ga.
☞ Macon Telegraph and Savannah Morning News please copy.

E. H. GAY & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

Boots, Shoes and Hats,

89 PEACHTREE STREET,

Atlanta.....Georgia.

We have just opened a large and very handsome stock of

Fall and Winter Goods.

Selected with great care, and we now offer them to the public at prices as low as will be found at any house in the city.

An inspection of our stock is respectfully solicited. No trouble to show goods.
oct1-dlm

Educational.

Martha Washington College,

ABINGDON, VIRGINIA.

R. W. JONES, M. A., (University of Virginia,) President and Prof. of Latin and Higher Mathematics.

Rev. W. G. E. CUNNINGHAM, D. D., Treasurer and Prof. Moral Philosophy, etc., with NINE other Professors and Assistants.

THE next session will begin 4th October, 1871. The course of instruction is as complete as that of any institution in this country for Young Ladies. Instrumental (Piano and Organ) and Vocal Music taught by the most accomplished Masters; Drawing and Painting by a skilful Artist.

Buildings commodious, elegant and well furnished; grounds incomparably beautiful—situated on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, 15 miles east of Bristol, amid the mountain and mineral waters of Southwestern Virginia. This College promises, additional healthfulness, grandeur of scenery and accessibility rarely equalled and never surpassed.

Board and Tuition in English and Latin, for Twenty Weeks, from $95 to $105, in advance.

For Catalogue, or other information, apply to the President, or Rev. Dr. Cunnyngham.
mar16—d2m

University High School, Atlanta, Ga.

—:o:—

THE Exercises of this School will be resumed in the basement of the Oglethorpe University Building, corner of Washington and Mitchell streets, on MONDAY, the 11th, of September, 1871.

PROF. J. A. RICHARDSON, A. M.,
Late of the Atlanta High School, Principal.

This Term will be divided into two Quarters—the first ending on 20th November next, and second ending 25th February, 1872.

Terms per Quarter—One half before matriculation, and the remaining half at the end of the Quarter.

Primary	$12 50
Classical	15 00
Incidental fee per quarter, in advance	50

No student received for less time than one quarter. No deduction will be made except in cases of protracted sickness, or when a withdrawal is absolutely necessary. aug29-dlf

TO MERCHANTS.

—o—

McBride & Co.,

ARE now receiving Immense Invoices of

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

AND

EARTHENWARE,

From ships "Spain," "Onward," and "Emerald Isle,"

DIRECT FROM LIVERPOOL!

CRATE "L."

GREATLY IMPROVED!!

LOOK AT OUR STOCK.

Save freights, breakage and insurance, by buying from

oct12—dlf McBRIDE & CO.

DR. TUTT'S SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA AND QUEENS DELIGHT.

THIS VALUABLE PREPARATION combines all the Medicinal virtues which long experience has proven to possess the most safe and efficient Alterative and Geobstruent properties for the cure of

Scrofula,
King's Evil,
White Swellings,
Ulcers,
Cancerous and Indolent Tumors,
Mercurial and Syphilitic Affections,
Enlargement and Ulceration of the Bones, Glands, or of the Womb, Spleen and Kidneys.

All the various Diseases of the Skin, such as;

Tetter,
Ringworms,
Boils,
Pimples, Sore Eyes, &c.,
Nervous Affections,
Dropsy and all Diseases

Originating from a depraved state of the Blood. Also, many affections peculiar to Females, as:

Suppression,
Irregularity,
Leucorhœa or Whites,
Sterility,
Ovarian and Uterine Dropsy, etc., etc.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE.

FOR SYPHILIS, and all its train of evils, it is a SURE ANTIDOTE.

Prepared at the Laboratory of
WILLIAM H. TUTT, AUGUSTA, GA.
☞ For Sale by Dealers in Medicine everywhere.
my17-dcod 6m

STUDWELL BROTHERS,

17, Murray Street,

NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

EXPESSLY FOR

SOUTHERN TRADE.

JOSEPH LA BOYTEAUX.
aug5-eod3m Salesman

BUY THE GENUINE

Standard Scales,

More than 250 Different Modifications.

Agents also for the best Alarm Money Drawer.

FAIRBANKS & CO,
239 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
110 MILK STREET, BOSTON.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
sep27-d3m—wednes&sat.

FOR SALE.

AIR-LINE RAILROAD FARM

EIGHT miles from Atlanta, 300 acres. Sixty cleared and under good fence; twenty-five acres branch bottom—balance wood land. Good log house occupying splendid building site, with unsurpassed spring water. Also, 160½ acres well watered, wood land, with three beautiful building sites on the railroad, with a splendid Fish Pond—depth, one to fifteen feet. The above will be sold all together, or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to
WALLACE & FOWLER,
oct8-10t Real Estate Agents.

For Rent,

A LARGE STORE, on Whitehall street, adjoining Adair & Bro. Call on
oct8—dtf F. N. CHISOLM.

MRS. A. R. NACE WISHES TO INFORM HER customers that she has taken rooms over the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall Street, where she will Cut, Baste and Make Dresses, at the shortest notice.
sep25—dlm

Campbell House.

THIS HOUSE has just been repaired and furnished. Transient and Permanent Board on reasonable terms. Baggage handled free.
MRS. LAURA HUGHES,
oct8-3m Proprietress.

FIRST PREMIUM

Awarded at Cotton States Fair, Augusta,

Thomasville Fair, and all Southern Fairs where Exhibited,

1870!

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,

CONSTITUTED by the homes of the people, received the Great Award of the Highest Sales, and have left all rivals far behind them, for they sold in One Hundred and Twenty-seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three Machines.

The Singer Manufacturing Company sold over the Florence Sewing Machine Company..... 110,173 Machines.
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine Company..... 98,943 "
Sold over the Wood Sewing Machine Company..... 93,531 "
Sold over the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company..... 70,431 "
Sold over the Howe Maching Company..... 52,677 "
Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company..... 44,605 "

It is the most simple and easily regulated Machine now in use.

The shuttle gives an even tension from the full to the empty bobbin.

Makes the most durable, elastic and smooth stitch.

Stitching the softest muslin without drawing it into the feed, and from that to heavy cloth or leather without changing the tension, making it capable of a greater range of work than any other machine made.

We use the straight needle, and it will do more and finer work than the curved needles.

The work moves from you instead of sideways, which is much easier to manage.

For speed and ease of operation it is unequaled.

Our machinery is all protected from dust.

Our corder, tucker, gatherer, quilter, trimmer, fringer, binder, hemmer, braider, feller and embroidery attachment are simple and easily used.

We have the best of silks of our own manufacture at wholesale and retail, of all colors and numbers.

We will place the Singer in your family for a trial with any machine you may wish to try with it.

The sales of our New Family Sewing Machine is steadily increasing, showing its popularity.

The new No. 1 Machine for Tailors and Bootmakers is the best in the market.

Examine before purchasing.

Are now sold on easy terms at the Atlanta Agency.
R. T. SMILLIE, Local Agent,
Corner of S. Broad and W. Alabama streets.

Agents wanted everywhere.

Silk Thread, Needles, Oil, etc., always on hand. Stitching neatly done.

H. D. HAWLEY,
General Agent for Georgia, South Carolina and Florida. may12-1y

Atlanta Water Cure.

THIS place is open at all seasons. Chronic diseases of all kinds treated with success.

I refer to the following persons, who have been and are being treated at my establishment: Mr. J. W. Rucker, of Chapman, Rucker & Co.; Maj. W. B. Cox, of Cox & Hill, Capt. J. M. Hill, John and James Lynch, T. J. Hightower & Co.; J. Steichel, Beerman & Kuntz, etc. F. KALOW.
sep13-dtf

New Arrival,

AT THE FICKEN CIGAR STORE, Bush Front, No. 17 Peachtree street, near the corner of Decatur, has in store and is receiving a large lot of fine Domestic and Havana Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes and Snuff Boxes. Sold at the lowest market price, by wholesale and retail.
sep13-d3m JOHN FICKEN.

ATLANTA AND Dahlonega Stage

LEAVES ATLANTA EVERY

Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

at 7 o'clock, A. M., and returns

Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays.

Passengers wishing to travel by this route can secure tickets at Messrs. Pemberton, Taylor & Co.'s Drug Store, near The Kimball House. jan15—dlf

SPRING VILLA FISH NURSERY.

HAVING arranged with MR. WILLIAM GESNER to supervise the whole matter of propagating packing and transporting eggs and adult or fry fish. Orders addressed to him at Youngesboro, Lee county Alabama, will be promptly filled in any or all of the following varieties, with a guarantee of their genuineness, and instructions in hatching or raising them:

Trout, Bream, Pearch, in all their varieties, Dace and Red Horse.
apr15-d6m WM. PENN YONGE.

NEW ROUTE

—TO—

MOBILE NEW ORLEANS, VICKSBURG AND TEXAS,

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

—VIA—

SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD, And its connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6 A. M. Train on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome at 10 A. M., making close connection with Fast Express Train for Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at SELMA at 8 10 P. M., and making close connection with train of Alabama Central Railroad, arriving at

Meredian	4 A M
Jackson	11:50 A M
Vicksburg	2:55 P M

Also, making close connection at CALERA with trains of South and North Alabama Railroad, arriving at

Montgomery	7:10 P M
Mobile	7:45 A M
New Orleans	4:35 P M

The Road has been recently equipped, and its equipment is not surpassed by any in the South for the strength and beauty of Rolling Stock. CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.

Pullman Palace Cars run through from ROME VIA MONTGOMERY TO MOBILE without change. No delay at terminal points. Fare as low as by any other route.

Purchase Tickets via Kingston, at General Ticket Office, or at the D. I. Kimball House.

JOHN B. PECK, General Passenger Agent.
E. G. BARNEY, General Superintendent.
E. V. JOHNSON, Local Agent, No. 4 Kimball House.
sep19— june20—dlf

PARIS MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,

NO. 35 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA., OVER MEADOR & BROS.

MRS. E. L. McDOWELL wishes to inform the Ladies of Atlanta and surrounding country, that she is opening an elegant assortment of the most fashionable styles of Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers and Flowers, Chignons of real and imitation hair, Curls and Jewelry of all kinds. The latest styles and novelties of all goods usually kept in the line.

☞ Selling at low prices. Call and examine.
N. B.—Hats made to order at shortest notice.
oct7 1m

OFFICE ATLANTA STREET RAILROAD COMPANY.

ATLANTA, October 7, 1871.

I AM directed by the Board of Directors to give notice that BOOKS for Subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the PEACHTREE STREET, DECATUR STREET, and MARIETTA STREET Lines, will be open at my office for ten days. The line receiving sufficient amount to build it, will be immediately placed under contract.

I am also directed to give notice that STOCK SUBSCRIBERS to the West End Line not paid up by the First of November, will be forfeited to the Company. W. P. ORME, Secretary.
oct8—dlf

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE LOTS

ON summit of hill on Peters street. These lots front the Street Railway, now in operation. Unsurpassed for residence lots for business men.

ALSO, SEVERAL LOTS

On Houston street, adjoining residence of Colonel E. Hulbert. These lots command a fine view of the city, and mountain scenery in the distance which cannot be broken by the improvement of adjoining property.

G. W. ADAIR,
sep26-d20d Real Estate Broker.
G. P. LEE. J. W. ROSEMOND.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

Griffin, Georgia,

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the season, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the best livestock.

BETTER TURNOUTS,

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.
aug16—dtf

For Sale,

A VERY FINE KNABE PIANO—but very little used—just as good as new. Cost $750. Will be sold at a bargain.
Address, "PIANO," Box 22,
sep21-dtf Atlanta, Georgia.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD,
ATLANTA, GA., September 28, 1871.

ON and after SUNDAY, October 1st, 1871, Double Daily Passenger Trains will run on this road as follows:

Leave Atlanta at	7 10 A M
Leave Atlanta at	7 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	5 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	6 45 A M

Night Trains run through to Montgomery without change of cars, forming a

Double Daily Connection

With Trains of the

MOBILE AND MONTGOMERY RAILROAD

—FOR—

Mobile, New Orleans,

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN TEXAS,

and with trains for Selma and Meridian, Alabama, Jackson, Corinth, Okaloosa, Vicksburg, and all points in Central Mississippi, Central Alabama, and Northern Louisiana. Passengers will find this route

98 Miles Shorter

than the Blue Mountain or any other route to Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, and 49 miles shorter to Selma.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 A. M., will arrive in Selma at 8 32 P. M.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 P. M., will arrive in Selma at 10 32 A. M.,

Making close connections with Selma and Meridian Road.

BAGGAGE CHECKED to all TERMINAL POINTS

Fare as Cheap and Accommodations as Good as any other Route.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

West Point and Montgomery,

Tickets for sale at the office of J. H. Porter, Gen. Passenger Agent, and at the Union Passenger Depot.

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.
W. J. HOUSTON,
General Passenger Agent.
oct1—dtf

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS

FOR THE FAIR

OF THE ATLANTA

Agricultural and Industrial

ASSOCIATION,

TO BE HELD IN ATLANTA, OCTOBER 16, 1871.

EXCURSION TICKETS from New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore to Atlanta, Georgia, and Return via Savannah Steamship Lines and Atlantic and Gulf and Macon and Brunswick Railroad (good until December 1st) will be sold for $35 75.

Freights destined for the Fair will be carried at regular tariff rates out, and returned to Eastern cities Free.

Consignments should be marked to the Secretary Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Fair, Atlanta, Georgia, care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, also the name of the steamer on which the shipment is made.

C. D. OWENS, General Agent,
Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line,
229 Broadway, New York.
G. T. ANDERSON, Gen'l Western Agent,
oct1—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

Landsberg's LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

ALL VARIETIES OF LUMBER,

White Pine Sash, DOORS AND BLINDS,

SAWED LATHS AND SHINGLES.

Sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

A. LANDSBERG & CO.,
Proprietors.
oct9-dtf june25-dtf

From the Medical Faculty of Atlanta

TO THE CITIZENS OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GA., May 8, 1871.

WE have examined the Hartford Company's Earth Closets. We cheerfully recommend the same, and urge the citizens of Atlanta to examine and use them, as a substitute for the present discomfort, in convenience and frequent repairs of our present exposed closet accommodations. Health and decency demand a change from our present system.

J. P. Logan, M. D.; James F. Alexander, M. D.; Wm. Abram Love, M. D.; E. D. Withers, M. D.; J. T. Johnson, M. D.; Edward P. Ingraham, M. D.; W. M. Wells, M. D.; Louis H. Orme, M. D.; William P. Harden, M. D.; W. N. Judson, M. D.

Wright, Schmidt & Co., wholesale agents for Hartford Earth Closet Company. Send for circulars and examine closets. may10-d6me

JOHN LEITER. E. P. MENEFEE.

Established 1850.

LEIPER & MENEFEE,

Near the Railroad Depot,

MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

Produce, Bacon, Lard, Wheat, Corn, Etc., Etc.

Agents for the purchase of COTTON.

WAREHOUSE

Immediately on Track Railroad.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

Can Store, (if need be, for Parties,)

100,000 bushels of Grain.

And keep it in bins, thus saving Sacking, Ratage and Waste in Storage.

Having opened an office in St. Louis, Mo., our Mr. LEIPER will remain there during the season, for the purpose of filling orders for Wheat, Corn, Bacon, and all other Produce.

Office—No. 18 South Commercial street, St. Louis.
feb20-dtf1an1, '72

HOUSE SIGN

And Ornamental Painting.

W. S. BRADBURY wishes to inform the public that he is ready to do all kinds of House, Sign and Ornamental Painting in the neatest and best style. He returns his thanks to his former patrons, and begs a liberal patronage from all. His motto will be cheapness and dispatch. He can be found at No. 7, Gate City Block, Marietta street. sep26-dlm

H. O. HOYT. DARWIN G. JONES.

Hoyt & Jones,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

ATLANTA, GA.,

RECEIVE Deposits, buy and sell Exchange, Stocks, Bonds, Railroad and other Securities, sell drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, etc., and pay special attention to collections. To those abroad we take pleasure in stating that our principal references are the Merchants, Bankers and business men of Atlanta generally.

In New York City we refer to our correspondents, the National Park Bank, and Koontze Brothers.
sept3-dtf

SAUADERS, GOODWIN & MILLER,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

146 Bay Street,

SAVANNAH.....GEORGIA,

—AND—

91 South Street.....Baltimore, Md.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Agents for CHESAPEAKE GUANO.
sep3—d3m

A. D. WHEELOCK. H. S. STARK.

WHEELOCK & STARK,

Successors to Southwick & Wheelock,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 10 Warren Street, New York.

A. M. WATKINS,

Dalton, Georgia.
sep26—2tf

D. B. CAMP,

Tailor and Draper,

No. 10 KIMBALL HOUSE,

HAS just opened an entire new stock of the latest styles of fine fabrics for

Gentlemens' Wear.

which will be made up to order, at short notice, in superior style.

The Cutting Department is under the management of Mr. J. C. PERKINS, "lately Ferris & Elliott, of 7th Avenue, New York," who would be pleased to see his Southern friends and patrons.

FURNISHING GOODS,

Of every variety supplied to a gentleman's wardrobe

Constantly on Hand

CATALOGUES GOTTEN UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

MERCHANTS,

Buy Your Crockery and Glass,

No. 47 Peachtree Street,

—FROM—

T. R. RIPLEY,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER.

Established Twenty-One Years.

KEEPS a large stock. Occupies three floors 120 by 30 feet.

Inducements offered to Cash buyers equal to any market. aug5-3tm

McBRIDE & SMITH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS

CARRIAGES,

Phaetons, Rockaways, Buggies,

LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, ETC.

THEY keep constantly on hand a large stock of the above named vehicles. Also, a large stock of

HARNESS.

They have in their employ the best and largest number of FIRST-CLASS MECHANICS employed by any Carriage Factory South of Louisville or Baltimore, and consequently are prepared to

DEFY COMPETITION

in regard to quality or price.

Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Give us a trial.
McBRIDE & SMITH,
sep25-d6m 36 Decatur Street.

A CARD TO OIL BURNERS.

BEING the manufacturers of more than four fifths of the Kerosene Oil used in Atlanta and vicinity, (as well as through the entire South,) we think best to inform our customers that the recent inspection of oil in Atlanta (reported below Governments fire test) *either do not refer to our brand, or are incorrect, or are fraudulent.*

We know our business as manufacturers, and shall stand behind our products at all times. We sell no oil which will not bear PROPER inspection, and hence are not to be alarmed, and we defy any one, and every one, in law or out of law, in business competition or out of it, whether from Georgia or New York, to establish any just claim against our oil.

We shall continue to sell through our agents, Messrs. Carley, Duck & Co., of Atlanta, a better quality of Kerosene, and for lower prices, than any and Refinery in the United States can afford, and the doors of all our warehouses, whether in Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans, Mobile, or Atlanta, are always open to Inspectors, whether appointed by City, State, or United States, each of which Inspectors we welcome, but all of whom we defy. CHESS, CARLEY & CO.,
General Southern Oil Works,
sept22—dlm Louisville, Ky.

JOHN T. COX. HENRY A. MERRY

COX & MERRY,

PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 308 Broad Street,

Augusta, Ga.

mar19-dtf

EDWIN BATES & CO.,

of Charleston, S. C.,

Wholesale Dealers in Clothing,

Have established a Branch at

No. 15 Pryor Street,

Opposite Entrance Kimball House, Atlanta,

AND ARE NOW OFFERING A GOOD ASSORTment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

At very Low Prices, to which the attention of Merchants is invited. sep17—d30d

Bale's Auction House,

ROME.....GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Returns made as desired. J. A. BALE, Proprietor.

REFERENCES—J. H. James, Banker, Atlanta; Meador & Bro., Atlanta; Silvey & Dougherty, Atlanta; Moore & Marsh, Atlanta; Cox & Hill, Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

CARLEY, DUCK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,

35 Pryor Street, - - - Atlanta, Ga.

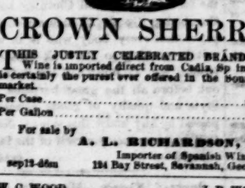
KEEP constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of Oils of every description, which we offer the trade on the most favorable terms. Our stock comprises standard Kerosene, Fire Proof Oil, 160 fire test; Petroleum, Fluid, etc.; also Lard Machine and other Lubricating Oils in great variety; Varnishes, Paints, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Lamps and Lamp Fixtures, at wholesale only.

We call particular attention to our "Strictly Pure" White Lead, made by the Kentucky White Lead Company. It has been used by the best judges and pronounced superior. sep16-1m

I HAVE this day examined a sample of Kerosene Oil, branded "SUNNY SOUTH," manufactured by Messrs. Chess, Carley & Co., the great Southern Oil Works, Louisville, Ky., and sold by Messrs. Carley, Duck & Co., Atlanta, Ga. It bears a fine test of one hundred and twenty degrees, ten degrees above the standard required by the laws of the State of Georgia. This Oil is safe beyond doubt, and is commended to the public for trial.

R. E. MASSEY,
sept14-1m Inspector Kerosene Oil, F. C., Ga.

SPANISH



CROWN SHERRY

THIS JUSTLY CELEBRATED BRAND OF Wine is imported direct from Cadiz, Sp in, and is certainly the purest ever offered in the Southern market.

Per Case	$9 00
Per Gallon	3 50

For sale by
A. L. RICHARDSON,
Importer of Spanish Wines,
sep13-d6m 124 Bay Street, Savannah, Georgia.

W. C. WOOD. J. R. WOOD.

WOOD & BROTHER.

MERCHANDISE BROKERS,

—AND—

Cotton Commission Merchants.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments of Cotton to be sold in this market, or by our correspondents in New York or Savannah.

☞ Special attention given to selling Cotton on arrival in this market.

Merchants will find it to their interest to call and examine our samples and prices of merchandise before buying elsewhere. Prompt attention given to buying all kinds of merchandise on order in this market. Office Whitehall street, Empire Block, Atlanta, Ga. sep26-4m

Southern Terra Cotta Works.

THE undersigned are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta work, of the most approved patterns and designs. They will make it to the